THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Historical Society

Vol. LXII No 32 —E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1.50 per year in advance

NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, JULY 10th, 1923.

Pure Green Tea—

is guaranteed the finest when it bears the name

"SALADA"

H 344

Famous for its Flavor—Just try a sample.

DOXSEE & CO.

Millinery

An attractive collection of Summer Hats in White, Sand, Grey, Mountain Haze, including exclusive designs in Sport Hats.

Hosiery

Silk and Lisle, in all the newest shades, including Pearl, Sand and Black.

Prices moderate.

Corsets and Brassieres a Specialty

The Leading Millinery House

$35 Suits Made to Order

Blue and Grey Serges.
Brown and Mixed Worsteds
Home-Spuns and Light Weight Tweeds.

$25

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Men's and Boys' Furnishings

Newburgh, - Ont.

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER,

Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown. 11-3-m

CHAS. STEVENS

Agent for the Northwest Fire Insurance Company.

This company is guaranteed by the Union Assurance Society of London, England.

Office opposite Bell Telephone Office, Napanee, Ont. 19-1y

Assisting the Farmer

THE interests and requirements of agriculture are fully understood and well served by this bank. To encourage progressive enterprise in the farmer and to make his financing as easy as possible, practical assistance in the form of loans is given, and complete banking facilities, specially adapted to farm business, are available at each one of our branches. Consult our local manager.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH - G. PATTON CARR, Manage

Robin Branch, open Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, April 30th to November 15th.
Thursday and Friday from November 15th to April 30th.

Better Stock

FOR the same expenditure of time, energy and feed, you get bigger returns on pure-bred cattle than on scrub stock. If you need financial help to improve your stock, consult the local Manager of this Bank.

STANDARD SERVICE is essentially Producers' Service

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER EIGHTY-THREE MILLIONS

Napanee Branch, R. R. White, Manager.
Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Deseronto, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton and Kingston.

WANTED—Second hand cash register in good condition. Apply Box 622, Napanee.

HOUSE FOR SALE—On Thomas street, 6 room house, all newly decorated, electric lights. Apply GEO. HARTMAN. 29-1-f

HOUSE TO RENT—Brick house on Centre street, north of C. Denison's grocery. Apply to ROSA BOVA, Napanee. 26-d

FOR SALE—Two good frame houses on the north side of Mill street. Apply to WALTER PLUMLEY, Napanee. 23-tf

HOUSE FOR SALE—Desirable frame house on Bridge street, west. Electric lights, water, never failing well. Apply A. O. VANLUVEN.

OR SALE—One of the most desirable properties in town, all modern conveniences and excellent location. Opposite Harvey Warner Park. Apply to C. W. BOWEN. 27-tf

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

FINE STOCK FAR FOR SALE—The farm known as lot 21, North Marysburg, Prince Edward County, consisting of 160 acres, more or less, owned by MR. H. HOGG. Owner desires to sell 155 acres, with barn and other buiuldings, reserving the house and 5-acre lot which surrounds the same for himself. It is an ideal stock farm, as the lake frontage is a private roadway. Will sell with or withouut crop, and with or without stock and implements. Apply to owner, Picton R. R. 4. 29-bp

A. E. PAUL

Clerk 1st Division Court

INSURANCE.

Office:

OVER HENRY'S BOOKSTORE.

INSURANCE

For Fire Insurance try ALFRED McCUTCHEON, Roblin.

A number of companies to choose from.

Office:

Residence, Roblin, Main Street. 27-tf

Brick

Special Prices to clear out the yard.

W. H. J. HAINES

TAMWORTH, - ONTARIO

24-tf

PROMOTION EXAMINATIONS.

S. S. No. 19, Ernestown.

SR. IV—Violet Babcock, Gordon Cole, Olevia Hamilton, Helen Rutlan, Delbert Simmons.

SR. III—Earl Cole, Jean Asselstine, Howard Babcock, Arleen Parrott, Muriel Lee.

JR. III—Kathryn Clarke, Adrian Babcock, Velma Lee.

SR. II—George Clymers, Donald Burt.

JR. II—Marion Miller, Ruth Peters, Johnston Stuart, Erwell Browne.

JR. I—Donald Ruttan.

ELEANOR WILLOWS, Teacher.

Ironing Boards — Canadian Maid, regular price $5.00, special price for Poultry Days, $2.95. DAVY AND ALLISON.

SALE OF BANKRUPT FARM STOCK

An authorized assignment has been made by Darrell Robson, of Ernestown, and Elliott Allen, Authorized Trustee, will offer for sale at the premises of the Assignor, in the fifth concession of the Township of Ernestown, on Thursday, July 26th, 1923, all the farm stock, implements and other goods of the assignor at public auction. The chattels are all of good quality and this sale should be attractive to all farmers. Fuller particulars may be obtained from F. D. Marsh, Solicitor; Harry Robson, Odessa; Wesley Dawson, Odessa, Inspectors; and from J. M. Simpson, Napanee, Solicitor for the estate.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT

SALE BY TENDER

IN THE ESTATE OF DARRELL ROBSON, AUTHORIZED ASSIGNOR

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 5.00 p.m., on Thursday, July 19th, 1923, for the purchase of the following:

1 Chevrolet, Baby Grand, half ton truck, 1921, in first-class condition. Inspection on application to the undersigned.

Terms: Ten per cent. to accompany offer as a deposit to be returned if offer not accepted, and the balance in cash upon acceptance. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. M. SIMPSON,
Napanee, Ont.
Solicitor to the Authorized Trustee.

BANKRUPT SALE OF FARM

There will be offered for sale at Public Auction on Thursday, July 26th, 1923, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the farm of Darrell Robson, in the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, one hundred and two acres of splendid farm land. The farm is being offered for sale by the creditors of the estate of the owner who is making an assignment. The farm is situated about nine miles from Napanee, Ontario, and about one mile from the Village of Odessa. Only. School and church near at hand. All farm buildings are situated about the centre of the farm, and are in good repair and condition. First class cement silo. Basement stables in the barn. A never-failing running stream crosses the farm, and passes within a few yards of the barn. Crops planted and growing, and will be ready for harvest soon after sale. This is a splendid opportunity for anyone wishing to purchase a first-class stock and grain farm, being level and well conveniently situated. The chattels of the farm will be offered for sale at auction on the same time. The sale will be at the premises lately the property of Darrell Robson, Odessa, Ont. Full particulars may be obtained at the inspectors of the estate F. D. Marsh, Napanee; Wesley Dawson, Odessa; Harry Robson, Odessa; and J. M. Simpson, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor to the estate. 32-c

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE

Under and by virtue of a Distress Warrant under a certain chattel mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Thursday, July 26th, 1923, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the residence of Darrell Robson, situate on the east quarter of Lot No. 18 and the west half of Lot No. 19, all in the 5th concession of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, the following goods, chattels and effects, viz: 1 Chevrolet truck, ½ ton, 1 buggy, 2 pair bobsleighs, 1 cutter, 1 grindstone, 1 butcher sleigh, part set of single harness, 2 sets of heavy harness, 1 milch cows, 1 lumber wagon, 1 Massey-Harris plow, 1 spring tooth cultivator, 1 walking plow, 1 buck rake, 1 set drag harrow, 1 corn cultivator, 2 young sows, 1 fox horse, about 7 years old, 1 black horse, about 9 years old, 1 black horse, about 13 years old, 2 cooking ranges, 1 sideboard, 1 centre table, 2 couches, 8 chairs, 3 rockers, 2 kitchen tables, 2 bedroom suites, 1 box stove, 1 coal stove.

All farm produce and all other farm implements and farming utensils, and all other goods, chattels, and effects situate upon the said above described premises and belonging to the mortgagors named in the said chattel mortgage.

Terms of sale—Cash.

S. W. CLARK, Auctioneer.
GEORGE GREEN, Bailiff.

CABINET IS SELECTED

Hon. G. Howard Ferguson Selects His Cabinet.

Premier Will Also Administer Portfolio of Education—W. F. Nickle Will Be Attorney-General and Lincoln Goldie Minister Provincial Secretary—Three Brand-New Members of Legislature Are Honored.

TORONTO, July 6.—The official announcement of the personnel of the new Ontario Cabinet who will work with Hon. G. Howard Ferguson has been made, following the completion late on Saturday of the draft, which was taken to Government House and received the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor. According to arrangements which have been made with the Drury Government, Hon. Mr. Ferguson and his Cabinet will take over their duties on July 16th.

The Cabinet is as follows:—

Premier and Minister of Education—Hon. G. H. Ferguson, K.C., B.A., LL.D., Grenville.

Attorney-General — Hon. W. F. Nickle, K.C., B.A., Kingston.

Public Works and Highways—Hon. George S. Henry, B.A., LL.D., East York.

Provincial Treasurer—Col. W. H. Price, K.C., LL.B., Parkdale.

Mines—Chas. McCrea, K.C., Sudbury.

Public Health and Labor—Dr. Forbes Godfrey, M.B., L.R.C.P. and S., West York.

Agriculture—John S. Martin, B.A., South Norfolk.

Provincial Secretary — Lincoln Goldie, South Wellington.

Lands and Forests—James W. Lyons, Sault Ste. Marie.

Without Portfolio—Hon. Sir Adam Beck, K.B., LL.D., London; Hon. Thomas Crawford, Seat "A," Northwest Toronto; Dr. Leeming Carr, M.B., East Hamilton; J. R. Cooke, North Hastings.

Speaker—Capt. Joseph E. Thompson, Seat "B," North-East Toronto.

In his Government Hon. Mr. Ferguson has secured a combination of experience and youth, and so far as the actual allotment of departments is concerned it may be termed a Ministry of young men. The Premier himself has just attained his 53rd birthday; Mr. Nickle is in his fifty-fourth year; Mr. Henry is in his fifty-second year; Col. W. H. Price is forty-two; Mr. Macassa is forty-one; Dr. Forbes Godfrey is forty-one; Sir Adam Beck is still recognized as a young man in energy at sixty-six; John S. Martin has already been a continental reputation for himself as an agriculturist, and Mr. Goldie comes from one of the oldest and best-know families in Western Ontario.

The eastern portion of the province, in addition to the Premier, will have as representatives the Attorney-General, and a member on the Hydro-Electric Power Commission, namely, J. R. Cooke. The central districts, including Toronto and the York ridings, has the Minister of Public Works, Provincial Treasurer and the Minister of Health and Labor, in addition to the Hon. Thomas Crawford, the Dean of the House, who is Minister without Portfolio. As before, Northern Ontario will be represented by the two portfolios in which they are most interested, namely, of Lands and Forests and of Mines. The south western section will find representation in the Ministry through the portfolio of Agriculture, Provincial Secretary, and the member for East Hamilton, as well as Sir Adam Beck.

ODESSA.

James Aylesworth and son, Robert, Madoc, spent Saturday at R. G. Hamm's.

Mrs. S. Bird, Belleville, spent the past week with her aunt, Mrs. Fred Caton.

Mr. and Mrs. Wemp, Bath, are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Rupert Smith.

Mr. Jas. Burris and daughter, Patricia, Tamworth, are guests of the former's father, Joseph Lawlor.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Bell, Oshawa, are guests of Mrs. Bell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Davy.

Miss Bernice Henderson, Sutton, returned on Saturday last to spend her vacation at her home.

Lorne and Ford Nixon, Richmond, are spending their holidays with Mrs. Marcus Fraser.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lucas left on Thursday last for Montreal to stay with the latter's sister, Mrs. Frederick Scott, when her husband passed away. Mrs. Scott has the sympathy of the whole village in her sad bereavement.

Dr. J. E. Mabee has returned from spending a week in Toronto, where he attended clinics at the General Hospital, for the treatment of diabetes; by insulin.

Mr. and Mrs. Bennett, who have been visiting relatives for the past two weeks, have returned to their home in Watertown.

Mrs. Albert Baker is visiting her son, Percival Baker, Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Robinson, and little daughter, Roberta, spent Sunday last with friends in Belleville.

Capt. Purvis is visiting his parents in Peterborough.

Mr. and Mrs. James McQueen and Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Finkle and family spent Sunday last with Mrs. Jamieson, Hardington.

The funeral of Miss Mary Lawlor, daughter of Joseph Lawlor, who passed away on Thursday night last, at her home, was held Saturday morning to the Catholic church. Rev. Father Powell officiated. The pall bearers were her four brothers, John, Morris, Joseph and Leo, Frank McCormac and C. McLaughlin. The remains were interred in the family plot at the Odessa cemetery.

TRINITY CHURCH BIDS REV. A. H. FOSTER AND MRS. FOSTER FAREWELL

On Sunday morning, July 8th, the church was filled to listen to a strong sermon from the text, Joshua 24-15, "As for me and my house we will serve the Lord." The pastor told the story of the life of Joshua and his mighty call at the close of his eventful life. The pastor then related the history of the early church, and called for our strong decisions in this hour of great need.

At the evening service, seven hundred people filled the church and Sunday School room to listen to the closing address of Rev. A. H. Foster, as pastor of Trinity Church, Napanee.

The members of the Orange Order attended in a body and Grace Methodist Church withdrew their service to meet with the friends of Trinity Church in this farewell service.

The pastor's closing sermon was one long to be remembered. His text was from Matt. 28, 19-20. The theme taken from this text was, What is the Gospel Message? 2. How should this message be carried forward in the world? At the close of this service Rev. Foster stood at the door of the church and clasped hands with many friends who expressed their regret at the short pastorate allowed by Conference.

On Monday evening the Sunday School room was filled to again say farewell to Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Foster.

At 8 p.m. Mr. Mark P. Graham took the chair and the meeting was called to order. After singing a hymn prayer was offered by the pastor. An interesting feature of the evening was the baptismal service, when four children were baptized, Emma Eurena Nugent, Norman Eugene Nugent, Marjory Ann Metcalfe, Muriel Helen Garrison.

Rev. and Mrs. Foster were then called to the platform and presented with a purse containing three hundred and twenty-two dollars ($322.00) and the following address was read:

Napanee, July 9th, 1923.

To Rev. Mr. Foster and Mrs. Foster:

On this eve of your departure to your new charge, we, your friends of Trinity Church, have gathered together to express to you our admiration of the splendid manner in which you have discharged your duties during the past year and to wish you every success in the church to which you are moving.

We have come to Trinity Church at the order of the Stationing Committee. In the face of the most trying conditions you have ever conducted yourselves that you have won the lasting respect, not only of those associated with you in this church, but of practically all classes and denominations in and about the Town of Napanee. When the Stationing Committee and others intimated to you that it would probably be better in the interests of all concerned if you were to accept some other appointment, and that a minister be sent to Trinity who had not in any way been involved with the trouble which has arisen, you immediately consented and made it very clear that you were not in the interests of the Church at heart and that you were quite content to abide by the ruling of Conference and the Stationing Committee.

It was with surprise and regret that we learned of the action of the Stationing Committee and we are still of the opinion that in the best interests of this church a minister should have been appointed who had no connection with the trouble which has developed. We do not know what pressure was brought to bear on this committee to make them face about and possibly in the interests of all of concerned it would be better that the facts in the case should never be revealed. We feel quite satisfied however, that if the Stationing Committee were right in sending you to Napanee in the first place, then they must be wrong in removing you.

We can only express to you our regret at the treatment that has been accorded to you by some of the members of this church and at the same time we have a very sincere appreciation of the splendid manner in which you have conducted yourselves all through this trying time.

In leaving for your new charge our best wishes go with you and we feel certain that success and honor will come to you no matter where your duty may call you.

May we voice the hope that at some future time we may have you back in Napanee under more favorable and pleasant conditions.

As a slight token of our esteem and appreciation we would ask you, Mr. and Mrs. Foster, to accept the purse now presented to you, on behalf of your friends in Trinity Church.

Signed,

W. E. LOYST.
W. H. DUNBAR.
F. C. BOGART.
M. P. GRAHAM.

PROMOTION RESULTS.

S. S. No. 12, Camden.

JR. IV TO SR. IV.—Patricia Dowling, Helen McAvoy.

SR. III TO JR. IV.—Ethelbert Ramsay.

JR. III TO SR. III—Harvey Clement, Claude Ramsay.

JR. II TO SR. II—Jennie Clement, Jessie Thompson.

SR. PR. TO FIRST CLASS—Frances Clement, Michael Dowling, Coral Ramsay.

MAY WILDE, Teacher.

AN INTERESTING LETTER

The following extract from a letter from Mrs. Sneath will be of interest to our readers:

Dorotheer Gasse 6
Wein, Austria,
Pune 12th, 1923.

The above means we have just arrived in Vienna. We came by boat from Lintz down the Danube. Wasn't that romantic? It was really quite lovely, although not quite as beautiful scenery as we have been used to lately, as we have been living in the most glorious mountain district in a nest of Alpine lakes. Mother simply adored it. To-day was mostly rolling country, not unlike home at all, but here and there we came on a grey old castle perched up on the top of a rock, most impressive and inhospitable in appearance. One enormous castle, Griefenstein, a huge pile with great pointed turrets, had the most wonderful situation. We could see it for miles coming down the river and for miles as we looked back. Then we passed numerous monasteries, each with a vast double towered church annexed to it. One huge palace on a hill was the Benedictine monastery, and another perfectly colossal one quite on the river was the Klostenneuberg. Perhaps the atmosphere made them look larger or their situation magnified them, but it seemed to me I have never seen such perfectly enormous buildings. Of course there were quaint villages here and there, but not very many and not many houses along the river bank. One very picturesque place was Durfenstein, with the ruins of an old castle hardly distinguishable from the jagged rocks around it and its walls reaching down to the little town and ornate old church at its feet. It might stick in your mind as being famous for a certain Richard Lion Heart who was made there. All the river banks around were terraced vineyards, even tiny patches between the rocks being planted with vines. There were only two parts of the river which were mountainous, and of course they were not mountains compared to what we had left.

You would have adored, Bad Ischl. We motored a run through it and about five valleys meet there, so there are innumerable lovely walks and the most magnificent far distant views, with always the snow-capped mountains looming up behind, and one or two great peaks quite close. Many a My guardian and I climb up to different points every day, varying from 1500 ft. to 4500 ft. You may gather from that I am in rather good training. Although of course, it isn't real climbing, with ice-axes and the like. Mountaineers would call it only walking up, but in some places the paths are very steep and stony. In fact the last day I was out, the latter fifteen minutes was a series of bridges over chasms, wooden ladders in the sides of the rock and marvellous ascents made of a solid log leaned against the rock with steps cut into it. And when we reached the top, which happened to be a pinacle of rock not more than 30 ft. square at most, and commanding the most glorious panorama of the valleys below and the wonderful peaks and ranges entirely surrounding us, we found it inhabited by about 19 Tyrolean youths and maidens, come up for a little Sunday afternoon stroll. They nearly all had their lunches and when one gay spirit found his tea or what not too warm he dashed down the rock some hundred feet or so and suddenly re-appeared bearing an enormous cake of snow on his head, merrily shouting "Schnee für alle." And don't you adore them calling a path a "Weg"? "weg" being road, but of course it is "not the" word "impression" means journey. That always delights me as it conjures up a vision of Alphonse and the Lady coming early in the morning and girding up their loins, etc.

DESERONTO.

Mr. A. Bogart, of Toronto, is visiting his brother, Mr. A. C. Bogart, Centre street. Some years ago Mr. Bogart was a partner with his brother, conducting a grocery store in town, but he is now manager of the grocery department of The Robert Simpson Co., Toronto.

Mr. H. G. Clapperton has purchased the residence recently vacated by Mr. R. J. S. Dewar, who has accepted a position in Toronto.

Mrs. John Wilson, East Dundas street, is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. George F. Palmer, who is visiting her husband, in Niagara Falls, N.Y., expects to return to Deseronto, on Week-end.

After spending the holiday in Rochester, N.Y., Mr. Leo Naphin and Mr. Jas. Hanley returned to their duties in Deseronto.

Reports from members of Albert L.O.L. 1375, indicate no definite point for the walk on July 12th. Invitations have been received from different points, but if proper train connections can be arranged the members will likely appear in Kingston.

The ditching of a gravel train and engine, which by a split rail, held up traffic on the C.P.R. north of Milltown for about five hours on Wednesday afternoon. Passengers and baggage on the east and west trains were transferred each train backing to a station, where they have turning facilities. The wrecking train and crew from Smith's Falls was called into service and in a few hours had the line cleared for service.

Insecticides!

Use Arsenate of Lead, food for the plant, and death for the bug. Also pure Paris Green, Sprayers, etc. WILSON'S Hardware.

NAPANEE CHAUTAUQUA

WILL BE HELD

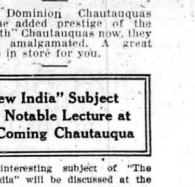
AUGUST 1ST TO 7TH

The Dominion Chautauquas have the added prestige of the "Redpath" Chautauquas now, they having amalgamated. A great treat is in store for you.

"New India" Subject of Notable Lecture at Coming Chautauqua

The interesting subject of "The New India" will be discussed at the coming Dominion Chautauqua in an illuminating lecture by Bhaskar Pandurang Hivale, a native of India.

Mr. Hivale is a graduate of an Indian university and a post-graduate of Harvard. In India he was editor of Dnyanodaya, the second oldest An-



BHASKAR HIVALE.

glo-vernacular Weekly published in Bombay. He knows India thoroughly and discusses his subject authoritatively.

He is a Christian as were his ancestors for three generations. He speaks with a slight foreign accent, but his English is fluent and understandable. He has the faculty of interesting a delightful vein of humor into his lectures.

"The New India" will be a distinctly notable lecture.

Paris Green Arsenate of Lead, Fly Oil. DAVY & ALLISON.

SELBY.

School has closed for the vacation.

Mr. an Mrs. D. Fitzpatrick spent a few days with friends at Prince Edward.

Miss Helen Miles, who has been quite ill, is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Miles spent Sunday last with Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Amey.

E. McQuaig met with a severe accident last Sunday, when the handle of the plough run and fractured three ribs.

Mrs. R. Bellamy and Miss Ballance are spending a few days at Madoc with Mrs. Aylesworth, who is quite ill.

The W.M.S. met on Thursday. A number attended the celebration at Napanee on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Hubbard and son spent Sunday last at Camden East with Mr. and Mrs. Jaynes.

Miss Margery Anderson is home from Toronto, where she was attending normal.

Visitors: Mr. Anderson at Rev. Mr. Anderson's; Mr. and Mrs. G. Paul and sons at R. Paul's; Miss A. Wood, at H. A. Wood's; Miss Ellen and Velma Tomlinson at F. L. Amey's.

Screen doors and window screens, all sizes. Refrigerators, coal oil stoves, electrical goods. WILSON'S Hardware.

CAMDEN EAST.

Miss Hutton, Toronto, is spending two weeks with her sister, Mrs. Clifford Skinner, and family.

Mrs. Martha Switzer spent the week at Mexico with her daughter, Mrs. John Bell, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Hinch spent Sunday last with Mr. and Mrs. Roy Sampson on the Newburgh road.

Miss Anna Sproule spent last week-end in Napanee with her friend, Miss Lucy Hinch.

Rev. Mr. Dickinson and family moved to Tamworth this week. Their many friends were sorry to have them leave this Anglican church and village, as they were good citizens and highly respected by all the community.

The many friends of Mr. Geo. Ballance are sorry he is obliged to return to Kingston General Hospital again.

Mr. Thos. Duckwell has gone to Cincinnati to spend a couple of weeks.

Miss Carmelita Lambert and her sister, Aletia Lambert are visiting their uncle, Mr. John Lambert and family in Switzerville, for a few days' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Day and family, of Kingston, spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Youmans.

Mrs. Greenson and daughter, of Toronto, are visiting her brother, Robert Glover, and sister, Mrs. Bert Youmans and family.

The Camden East Paper Mills will begin operations shortly.

Dr. Huxtable is spending a few days in Toronto on business.

Hay fork rope, binder twine. Place your order early. DAVY & ALLISON.
Keep Cool!

The DURANT Car

The Star Car

IS PROVING A WINNER

We sell them as fast as we get them.

Satisfied drivers are proving their worth every day.

SEE THEM AT OUR GARAGE.

We have on hand a few Second-Hand Cars, all in good condition, consisting of Fords, Chevrolets, and Overlands which we will sell at very low prices.

OUR BICYCLE STOCK IS THE BEST WE EVER HAD

Overlands, Crescents, and Massey-Harris, and a large number of Second-Hand Bicycles at very low prices.

NORMILE'S GARAGE

Durant Sales and Service, East Street.

Open Day and Night. Give us a call.

D. R. HALL, M.D., C.M.

Office of the late Dr. T. W. Simpson, East Street.

Office Hours—1.30, 4.30 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m.
Phone 42. 20-tf

J. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.

Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.

Office Hours :—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Phone 307. 32-1y

Dr. S. R. McCreary, B.Sc.
Physician and Surgeon.
X-Ray a Specialty
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Opposite City Hall
Phone 1200

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ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils will be accepted.
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HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University,
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B.A., M.D., C.M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a.m. 1 p.m. till 3 p.m. 7 till 9 p.m.
Telephone—279.

FARMERS - ATTENTION

Just arrived another shipment of Fine Oat Feed at $1.15 per 100. Only 50 bags of Beet Meal left, the last we will be able to get this season.
Some Bran and Shorts.
Plenty of Sugar but price is still high and may go higher.

S. CASEY DENISON'S
CENTRE STREET, NORTH.
'Phone 101.

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT. tfc

BUY YOUR BUTTER WRAPPERS AT THIS OFFICE

Bring your can for best Separator Oil—25c. a quart at WALLACE'S.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Tuesday, the 17th day of July, 1923, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon at the premises hereph described, subject to a reserved bid, the following property, Viz :

All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Hungerford, in the County of Hastings, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of part of lot number thirty-three (33) in the first concession of the said Township of Hungerford and more particularly described as follows : Commencing at a post planted on the north side of the Hogs Back Road, then running east about eighty rods following said Hogs Back Road, then north to the second Concession Road, then west about sixty rods, then south to the place of beginning and being all of the said lot number (33) now owned by the said mortgagor.

SECOND : All that part of the north half of lot number thirty-two in the said first concession of the said Township of Hungerford described as follows : Commencing at a post planted on the north west corner of said lot, then running east about ninety rods, then running south to the Hogs Back Road, keeping along the edge of the Marsh, then west to the east line of lot number thirty-one, then north to the place of beginning and being all of that part of said lot number thirty-two now owned by the said mortgagor. The said lands conveyed by this mortgage containing seventy acres be the same more or less.

The above is a very desirable property possessing qualities which should be an inducement to purchasers.

The property will be offered for sale subject to conditions of sale which will be read at the time of sale.

TERMS OF SALE : 20 per cent. of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale and the balance to be paid within 15 days.

For further particulars of sale apply to T. B. German, Esq., Barrister-at-law, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for the mortgagee.

T. B. GERMAN,
Solicitor for the Mortgagee.
Dated at Napanee, this 18th day of June, 1923. 29-d

All sizes in moth proof bags at WALLACE'S—priced from 15c. to $2.50.

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible VALUES for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the QUALITY of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.
Napanee, Ont.

"AS YOU WERE"

Pap's got his patent right, and rich as all creation ;
But where's the peace and comfort that we all had before ?
Let's us go a-visitin' back to Griggsby Station.
Back where we used to be so happy and so poor !

The likes of us a-livin' here ! It's just a mortal pity
To see us in this great big house, with carpets on the stairs,
And the pump right in the kitchen ! and the city! city! city!
And nothin' but the city all around us ever'wheres.

Climb clean up above the roof and look from the steeple,
And never see a robin, nor a leech or solum tree !
And right here in earshot of at least a thousand people,
And none that neighbor with us, or we want to go and see !

Let's go a-visitin' back to Griggsby Station—
Back where the latchstring's a-hangin' from the door,
And ever' neighbor round the place is dear as a relation—
Back where we used to be so happy and so poor !

I want to see the Wiggenses, the whole kit and bilin',
A-drivin' up from Shaller Ford, to stay the Sunday through ;
An' I want to see them hitchin' at their son-in-law's and pilin'
Out there at Lizzy Ellen's like they used to do !

I want to see the piece quilts the Jones girls is makin' ;
And I want to pester Lawry 'bout their freckled hired hand,
And joke her 'bout the widower she came "purt' nigh a-takin'
Till her pap got his pension in time to save the land.

I want to see Marindy, and help her with her sewin',
And hear her talk so lovin' of her man that's dead and gone,
And stand up with Emmanuel to show how he's growin',
And smile as I have seen her smile 'fore she put her mournin' on.

And I want to see the samples on the old lower eighty—
Where John, our eldest boy, is was tuk and carried for
His own sake and Katy's—and I want to cry with Katy
As she reads his letters over, writ from the war.

What's in all this grand life and higher situation,
And nary pink or hollyhock bloomin' at the door ?
Let's go a-visitin' back to Griggsby Station—
Back where we used to be so happy and so poor !

RADIO PROGRAMS

TUESDAY, JULY 10
380 Meters WGY (Schenectady, N.Y.)
General Electric Company
Eastern Standard Time

11.30 a.m.—Stock market quotations.
11.45 a.m.—Weather report.
11.55 a.m.—Time signals.
1.00 p.m.—Music and address, "The Women of One Hundred Years Ago," Mrs. C. A. Dingman, Schenectady Woman's Club.
5.00 p.m.—Produce and stock market quotations ; news bulletins ; baseball.
7.40 p.m.—Baseball scores.
7.45 p.m.—Musical program and one act plays.
Piano solo, "Polonaise in A Flat" ..... Chopin
Ellen Waite
Baritone solos,
a. "Before You Came"
b. "Starlight" ..... Olmstead
Edward E. St. Louis
Ivan Strough, accompanist
Soprano solos,
a. "Dawn" ..... Curran
b. "The Bird with the Broken Wing" ..... Golson
c. "O Heart, My Heart" ..... Marchall
Pearl Adams
One Act Play, "A Wall Street Romance" ..... Watkins
THE CAST
A Bookkeeper..Herman Schulman
A Stenographer..Ruth E. Bentley
A Broker..... Edward H. Smith
Time—The Present. Office of Broker.
Piano solos,
a. "Petracas Sonnet" ..... Lizst
b. "Lotus Land" ..... Scott
Ellen Waite
Baritone solos (in French),
a. "Bergere Legere" ... Pessard
b. "L'Adieu du Matin" Pessard
c. "Le Coeur de Ma Mie" ..... Delcroze
Edward E. St. Louis
One Act Play, "A Minuet" Parker
THE CAST
The Marquis ..... John Loftus
The Gaoler ..... Horace Roberts
The Marchioness Dorothy Winder
Time—During "The Terror."
Place—Living room in the Gaoler's quarters, prison of the Conciergerie.
Baritone solos.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Tuesday, the 10th day of July, 1923, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of T. B. German, 60 John street, Napanee, Ontario, subject to a reserve bid, the following property, Viz :

All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Fredericksburgh additional in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, and being composed of what is known as the Gore lot lying between the fourth and fifth concessions of the said Township of Fredericksburgh Additional.

Second : The south half of the east fifty acres of lot number one in the fourth concession of the said township of Fredericksburgh Additional, containing twenty-five acres be the same more or less.

Three : The west half of the east half of lot number one in the fourth concession of the said township of Fredericksburgh Additional, containing fifty acres be the same more or less and being all that part of said lot number one, owned by the said mortgagor.

The above described lands are very choice in quality, upon which there is a good quantity of valuable wood and timber.

The property will be offered for sale subject to conditions of sale, which will be read at the time of sale.

Terms of sale, 10 per cent. of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale and the balance to be paid within 15 days. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to T. B. German, Esq., Barrister-at-law, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for the mortgagee.

T. B. GERMAN,
Solicitor for the mortgagee.
Dated at Napanee this 5th day of June, A.D., 1923. 28-d

WEDNESDAY, JULY 11
11.30 a.m.—Stock market quotations.
11.45 a.m.—Weather report.
11.55 a.m.—Time signals.
5.00 p.m.—Produce and stock market quotations ; news bulletins ; baseball results.
SILENT NIGHT.

THURSDAY, JULY 12
11.30 a.m.—Stock market quotations.
11.45 a.m.—Weather forecast.
11.55 a.m.—Time signals.
1.00 p.m.—Music and address, "Some Mental Defectives I Have Known," Miss Eleanor A. Gray, New York State Department of Education.
5.00 p.m.—Produce and stock market quotations ; news bulletins ; baseball results.
5.15 p.m.—Weekly report on conditions of roads in New York State, by Frederick S. Greene, State Commissioner of Highways.
7.35 p.m.—Open air talk, "Auto Camping," Jud Landon.
7.40 p.m.—Baseball scores.
7.45 p.m.—Farmers' night.
Orchestral selection, "The Husking Bee" ..... Armand
Cornuskers Orchestra ....
Baritone solos, ... Hampire
Ho ..... Whitney
... Montgomery
Reading, "Farmer Green" Watson
John T. Hill
Virginia reel, "The Boston Melody" ..... DeWitt
Orchestra
Address, "The American Farmer and His Problem"
W. N. Norton, Hartford, N.Y.
Male quartet,
a. "Old Oaken Bucket" ..... Woodworth
b. "The Church in the Wildwood" ..... Smith
Cowbell Four
Rube skit, "Just Before Train Time at Yaps Crossing"
THE CAST
Lem Higgenbothan ..... Hank Tucker
Josh Quimby ..... Slippery Jones
Orchestral selection, "Plunkville Serenade" ..... Laurendeau
Orchestra
Reading, "Wet Weather Talk" ..... Riley
John T. Hill
Music Box selections (instrument used is 107 years old)
Male quartet,
a. "In the Shade of the Old Apple Tree" ..... J. VanAlstyne
b. "Juanita" ..... Norton
c. "Ford Song" ..... A. Flivver
Cowbell Four
Orchestral selection, ... "Barn Dance" ..... Schultz
Orchestra
Tenor solo, "Down on the Farm" ..... Chattaway
Seymour MacWilliams
Orchestral selection, "Barnyard Melody" ..... Lovenberg
Orchestra

FRIDAY, JULY 13
11.30 a.m.—Stock market quotations.
11.45 a.m.—Weather forecast.
11.55 a.m.—Time signals.
1.00 p.m.—Music and talk, "Points to follow in Washing Clothes."
5.00 p.m.—Produce and stock market quotations ; news bulletins ; baseball results.
5.30 p.m.—Children's program.
7.35 p.m.—Health talk, "Safe and Sane Vacations," State Department of Health.
7.40 p.m.—Baseball scores.
7.45 p.m.—Musical program.
Piano solos,
a. "The Spinning Wheel" ..Raff
b. "The Butterfly" ..... Grieg
Jennie Gurkin
Reading, "On the Sunset Line" ..... Anon
Dorothy Golub
Violin solo, "Mazurka" Mylnarski
Samuel Gurkin (14 year old violinist)
Soprano solo, "Lithuanian Song" ..... Chopin
Elizabeth Reohr
Piano solo, "Rondo Capriccioso" ..... Mendelssohn
Jennie Gurkin
Address, "American Common Sense" ..... Charles Jarvis, Jr., Secretary of the Herkimer County Trust Company
Soprano solos,
a. "Robin, Robin, Sing Me a Song" ..... Spross
b. "There's a Lark in My Heart" ..... Spross
Elizzabeth Reohr
Violin solo, "Bolero" ..... Bohm
a. "All for You" .....
..... Berlcand-Brown
b. "Love Among the Roses" ..... Courtney
Edward E. S. Louis
Piano solo, "Rhapsody in G Minor" ..... Brahms
Ellen Waite

NAPANEE CHAUTAUQUA
WILL BE HELD
AUGUST 1ST TO 7TH

The Dominion Chautauquas have the added prestige of the "Redpath" Chautauquas now, they having amalgamated. A great treat is in store for you.

Well-Known Reader to Be Heard Here at Coming Chautauqua

Everett Kemp, noted reader-entertainer, will be one of the enjoyable attractions at the coming Dominion Chautauqua. He is known for his outstanding ability both as an interpreter of an entire play or book and as a reader of shorter numbers. His reputation extends from coast to coast.

In Mr. Kemp's repertoire are included such favorites as "Sevenoaks," by J. G. Holland ; "The Music Master,"

EVERETT KEMP.

by Klein and "The Finder of Udell's" by Harold Bell Wright. A program of miscellaneous readings is also among Mr. Kemp's offerings.

Whether in the presentation of an entire play, a reading of a well-known book, or a miscellaneous program Everett Kemp is always enthusiastically acclaimed.

Samuel Gurkin
Reading, "Jimmie and the Brand New Baby" ..... Anon.
Dorothy Golub
Soprano solos,
a. "Ashes of Roses" Woodman
b. "Serenade" ..... Neidlinger
Elizabeth Reohr
Piano solos,
a. "Cradle Song" ..... Grieg
b. "Traumerei" ..... Strauss
Jennie Gurkin

FRIDAY, JULY 13
(Late Program)

10.30 p.m.—Musical program furnished through courtesy of Dolgeville Exchange Club, Dolgeville, N.Y.
March, "Soldiers' Blood"...Bilon
Dolgeville High School Orchestra
Carl Dannhauser, director
Overture, "Poet and Peasant"... Suppe
Orchestra
Soprano solo, "Ave Maria" ..... Curran
Mrs. Albert M. Van Denburg
Daniel Green, accompanist
March, "Thoroughbred" Fahrbach
Orchestra
Clarinet solo, "Air Varie" ..... Painpare
Sylvan De Lucco
Orchestral selection, "Olf Folks at Home and in Foreign Lands" ..... Arr. by Chas. Roberts
An International Transcription of the American Folk-Song in the Musical Idioms of Eight Nations : America, France, Scotland, Italy, Germany, Ireland, Spain and Hungary.
Orchestra
Piano solo, "Andante and Finale Movements," from "Second Concerto" ..... Mendelssohn
Daniel Green
Overture, "Zampa" ..... Herold
Orchestra
Soprano solo, "Love Sends a Little Gift of Roses" Openshaw
Mrs. Albert M. Van Denburg
Marches,
a. "Entrance of the Gladiators" ..... Fucik
b. "Stars and Stripes Forever" ..... Sousa-Church
Orchestra

SATURDAY, JULY 14
11.30 a.m.—Stock market quotations.
11.45 a.m.—Weather forecast.
11.55 a.m.—U.S. Naval Observatory time signals.
SILENT NIGHT.

British Engineers Busy.

Contracts for engines and railroad stocks for foreign and colonial customers have been booked by British firms in such volume as to keep their engineers and laborers hard at work for months to come. Beardmore & Co. of Glasgow have obtained an order for the reconstruction of repairing workshops of Portuguese railroads, and are making twenty-seven locomotives and 3,350 pairs of wheels for Indian railroads. Beyer, Peacock & Co., Ltd., of Gorton, Manchester, have booked an order for thirty locomotives from the East Indian Railway Company. Beardmore & Co. also will make three engines for East Burmah, and the Vulcan Company of Manchester is manufacturing thirty-five locomotives for India. Altogether British engineering firms have recently booked orders from abroad for close upon $10,000,000.

Gold Coins Found.

A pot of English gold coins has been uncovered on the farm of Dave Jones, of Somerset, Ky. State officials, who are holding the pot pending investigation, estimate its value at $44,000.

LATE SPRING CHICKS MEAN EGG SCARCITY

POULTRY EXPERT GIVES WARNING OF LOW PRODUCTION NEXT WINTER.

CARE NEEDED NOW

"The delayed spring this year was responsible for many poor hatches and a large proportion of late Spring Chicks, this will mean far fewer pullets than usual" says Prof. E. Elford at the Poultry Division of the Experimental Farm at Ottawa. A serious situation has thus been developed, according to Canada's chief poultry authority. At the present there are practically no eggs in cold storage. Usually eggs are coming forward in heavy shipments at this season and the storage houses become well filled. This year their floors are practically bare and supplies in sight are more limited than they have been for some considerable time.

Canadians are to-day consuming more eggs per capita than ever before, and so, with this combination of circumstances, the late-hatched chicks this year present a serious problem.

If ever there was a need for taking care of the pullets and bringing them to maturity at the earliest date, it is right now. In fact Prof. Eldford goes so far as to advise securing expert advice and assistance in order that the maximum of eggs may be secured. Under the circumstances the poultry keeper and the man or woman who has a few chickens in the backyard should do everything possible to take advantage of these conditions, and secure such information and knowledge as will enable them to get the best results from their hens. He expressed himself as being of the opinion that great good would be accomplished by having reliable information on the care of poultry broadcasted in every possible way. Otherwise, he says, the Canadian people will not be able to eat their egg a day, owing to scarcity and high prices.

Time Is Money.

Irate Parent : "You can get rid of money faster than any man I know."
Son: "True, dad; but listen. By getting rid of it quickly I save lots of time, and time, you know, is money."

Would Make Their Eyes Pop.

Movie Director (before Niagara Falls, to his first lieutenant)—Now, Jim, if we could arrange so that Miss Fiorabelle could be carried half-way over the falls and still be saved by our hero, wouldn't that be a stunner?

Copyright and Patent.

Copyright applies only to literature, drama and the fine arts, whereas patent applies to manufactured or mechanical objects.

THE modern farmer, confronted by weather hazards on one side and marketing conditions on the other, is forced to act with caution if he is to come through the season successfully.

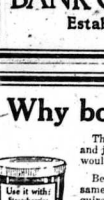
No one knows better than the farmer the necessity for conservation—the economical handling of time, material and money.

And no bank knows better than the Bank of Montreal how to co-operate with farmers to the end that their financial affairs and business interests shall be placed on a sound basis.

NAPANEE BRANCH,
D. B. WHITE, Manager.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established over 100 years

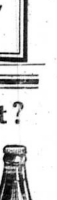
Why boil away your fruit?



The delicious, superior quality of the jams and jellies you can make so easily with Certo would alone make a trial well worth while.

Besides, you get 50% MORE from the same fruit—only one minute's boiling required—full flavor and color of fruit retained —perfect texture—certainty of success with any fruit. Complete booklet of recipes with every bottle.

If your grocer does not have Certo, send his name and 40c and we will mail you a bottle. Write today for revised Certo Booklet of 73 recipes (free).



CERTO
Douglas Packing Company, Limited, Cobourg 55

How to Make Delicious Cherry Jam

Sour cherries give finest flavor. Pit and crush well about 2½ lbs. Cherries. Measure 4 level cups (2 lbs.) crushed cherries into large kettle and add ¼ cup water. Tie three tablespoons pits in cloth and crush with hammer. Place with cherries to increase flavor, stir until boiling, cover kettle, simmer 10 minutes, then remove pits. Add 7½ level cups (3¾ lbs.) sugar and mix well. Use hottest fire, and stir constantly before and while boiling. Boil hard for one minute, remove from fire and stir in 1 bottle (scant cup) Certo. If room time jam is taken off fire allow to stand, with occasional stirring, 5 minutes only, *by the clock*, skim, then pour into glasses.

Willard Storage Batteries
For all Cars
USED ON THE BEST MAKES

Ford Batteries, $20 and up

Graham's - Garage
Willard Service Station
DUNDAS ST., E. 'PHONE 218.

Livingstone's Advice.

Relatives of David Livingstone, the explorer, still live in Canada, and one of these, Mr. John Livingstone of Listowel, Ont., has recently made public a letter received by him in 1863. Already David Livingstone was familiar with the African wilds, and this letter contains some allusions to conditions around Lake Nyassa. Mr. Livingstone of Listowel is a lover of birds and flowers, and has kept a bird farm for 40 years, thus showing himself possessed of some of the finer feelings of his noted relative. The recipient of the letter was, naturally, quite young when his distinguished great-uncle wrote to him from "Cafaraet of the sunset," and the following lines playfully in the following opening sentences:

"I received your letter on the 4th of this month and was very much pleased with it. Your brother did not come, so I expect it did not go to the post, which no may take as a hint to improve his handwriting. This hint I should be glad to take to myself, but I fear my hand is incurably bad and I trust that you will continue to write as fair a hand as you do now, and never make your letters, as some do, about as good as if they had dipped a spider's leg in ink and let it run across the sheet.

"While writing to you I am surrounded by a number of people who never had the means of acquiring a knowledge of writing or letters. They think it a wonderful thing that we should be able to communicate our thoughts to people at a distance, and they lament the sad fate of Bishop McKenzie, who had the gift of soon gaining their confidence. "By Sebitane," said one to me, "had he not died we should all have been living with him now, and have known the book." Poor fellows, theirs is a sad position in life, and more might have been similar but for the grace of God. Let us never live so as to be heathen all but in name."

Maritime Union.

Le Canada proposes that as the population of Prince Edward Island keeps declining it ought to be amalgamated with New Brunswick or Nova Scotia. This might revive the proposal for a union of the three provinces, which was under discussion shortly before Confederation and was merged in the later project.

Maritime union would give a province of 51,697 square miles, with a population of a little over a million. Though small in area, it would be the third province in population and representation. It is possible that the united provinces would gain in influence in the Parliament of Canada, but there would be strong local sentiments against a change which would do away with two provincial capitals.

TOO MANY FURS.

Dame Fashion May Cause Animals to Become Extinct.

Fashion decrees which call for the use of furs in summer threaten the extinction of fur-bearing animals, according to Blue Cross members and others who are watching developments. Unless the fashion changes the fur industry is endangered, the wilderness will be uninhabited, and the little animal stories so profusely written for children will be about all the record that will remain of their life. Of course, a late spring like the present gives a fur-wearing girl an excuse, but some recent hot summers have witnessed plenty of furs worn by some people while others were endeavoring to get along with the least possible burden of clothes. It is probable that the "Gentlemen Adeventurers Tradingin to Hudson Bay" had little notion of the development of fashion two and a half centuries after they founded the Great Company, and of the batches of money they might have reaped for the furs for which they paid the heathen in his blindness few glass beads.

"Unless immediate steps are taken we believe that the fur-bearing animals of the world are doomed," says Dr. William T. Hornaday, Director of the New York Zoological Park, an officer of the Blue Cross Society. "The craze for fur, the insatiable demands upon the trappers and furtraders and the mad rush at the counter for fur and pseudo-fur are irresistible forces with which no outside reform can cope. Even the present mucn reduced price of pelts is highly destructive. If they continue we must bid a long farewell to all the wild mammals whose skin can, by any stretch of the human imagination, be regarded as furnishing wearable furs."

Dr. Hornaday pictured the quest for fur as extending over half the habitable globe. The hunt goes forward on the plains, the deserts, the mountains, and even in the "bowels of the earth," for the mole must contribute his pelt. The muskrat once was considered of no consequence in the fur market, but now he is a factor. So, too, has the skunk come to be something besides a nuisance. Bre'r Rabbit and the humble house cat are now in peril of their lives, according to this authority. "The instant that Dame Fashion waves her hand in a depreating way and announces that they are not wearing summer furs,' down will go the summer furs forever," said Dr. Hornaday.

Right!

Customs Inspector — What have you to declare?

Returning Passenger — I declare that I am glad to get back.—Judge.

Save ⅓ to ½ Your Corn

You lose from ⅓ to ⅓ the food value of your corn by feeding it to your cattle as dry fodder.
Corn stored in a TORONTO Wooden Stave Silo will give you 100% of the value. Good ensilage will improve the health of your cattle, increase the quality and quantity of your milk returns. Good silage must be made in an air-tight silo.
The TORONTO Silo is made of selected spruce, double tongued and grooved to exclude the air, and specially treated with creosote to lengthen its life. 15% extra capacity with the TORONTO Hip Roof.
Let me show you how to save on forage, and increase the health and value of your herd. Information and full particulars gladly given.
Switzer & Spencer, Napanee
TORONTO

"DUNLOP"
The World's Most Envied Tire
Record Mileage—Faultless Anti-skid
A183

Man's work, today, is measured by what he can do in a given time, with the aid of modern equipment.
The motor car sets to-day's pace. If you are afoot you are badly handicapped.
Overcome this disadvantage.
See us regarding Ford terms
FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED FORD, ONTARIO 4223
WILMOT & CHAPMAN,
Ford Dealers, **Napanee.**

Tobacco In History

Smoking is generally believed to have originated among the North American Indians because each of the many tribes was indulging in tobacco when first discovered by Europeans.

The Susquehanna "redskins" support their claim to be the oldest smokers by the following legend:

One day, during a famine, when animals were their staple food, two hundred hunters bivouacked to roast a deer. A friendly spirit descended from the sky and sat down near them. Believing the spirit responsible for their finding the food, they tendered a couple of the deer as a sacrificial token of their gratitude.

The spirit appreciated the gift of the Susquehannas, and told them they should get a letter reward on the same spot thirteen moons later. The promise was fulfilled, and, according to the legend, on every succeeding day they found, for the first time, maize just ripening, beans, and a tobacco plant.

When Columbus landed in Cuba in November, 1492, he was surprised to find natives "puffing smoke from their mouths and nose." Their cigars consisted of leaves of tobacco, rolled within the sheaths of maize heads. The discoverer of the New World was indebted for this to the Old World to discover tobacco.

Spaniards who invaded Paraguay, in 1503, were met by the natives whose weapons were reed tubes through which they squirted tobacco juice to blind the white men. One of the Spaniards, Gonzalo de Oviedo, went back to Spain with some tobacco plants, which he cultivated. This was the first occasion on which tobacco was known to Europeans.

The origin of the word nicotine is interesting. In 1559 Jean Nicot, an ambassador of France, bought some tobacco seed and two bags of a French captain just back from Florida. Nicot cultivated the plant and presented some specimens to the Queen Catherine de Medici. For some time the plant was known as herbe de la reine ("the queen's plant"), but the word took on, being too long, place as nicotiana, which survives among botanists to this day.

Sir Walter Raleigh and Sir Francis Drake brought tobacco to England in 1586; but they were not the first to introduce it, although Sir Walter is generally given credit for having brought it to popularize smoking at that time.

It was Sir John Hawkins who first brought tobacco to England, twenty years before Raleigh and Drake. It was first smoked in England at the Pied Bull Inn, Islington.

The first duty on tobacco was imposed in 1614 by the Star Chamber.

Although there are more than forty varieties of the tobacco plant, less than six are used commercially for the manufacture of smoking mixtures.

The Virginian tobacco plant the one largely grown around London for commercial purposes. It sometimes attains a height of fifteen feet, although the average height is only seven feet. The leaves, nearly a foot long, are broad and comparatively narrow, are a brilliant light green, and spring directly from the vertical stalk, which has no branches. The blooms, of pink hue, appear only at the extreme top of the stalk.

The Turkish tobacco plant is quite different. Its height rarely exceeds five feet, and the leaves are less tapering and almost egg-shaped. The stalk is much thinner, and the plant has a deeper tint. This plant is the one sometimes seen in British gardens.

Persian tobacco, another variety, is smoked in hookahs. The flowers of this plant are white.

Agitators against the use of tobacco are by no means a modern development. Indeed, the methods they employ to-day, however objectionable the principles they seek to forward, are mild in comparison with those of their ancestors.

After tobacco was introduced in Italy, in 1560, Pope Urban VII. and Innocent XI., to use the words of one historian, "fulminated against it the thunders of the Church."

Sultans and priests of Turkey considered smoking so serious a crime that in many cases torture and death was the punishment meted out to those indulging in it.

In a proclamation, headed "Counterblaste to Tobacco," King James I. described smoking as "a custom loathsome to the eye, hateful to the nose, harmful to the brain, and dangerous to the lungs." He described the smoke as the "black, stinking fume resembling the horrible stygian smoke of the pit that is bottomless!"

But despite all the opposition that has been, and may yet be, directed against the "pernicious weed," it still flourishes, and is likely to do so so long as civilization makes calls on our nerves, which only tobacco has the power to soothe.

The Swastika Symbol.

The subject of the origin of the Swastika symbol has given rise to protracted controversy. The latest contribution to the question is that of Harit Krishna Deb, in the journal of the Asiatic Society, Bengal. He suggests that it is a modification of the mode of expressing the ancient Hindu syllable om, which is used in religious rites. This, pothooks with square ends, was duplicated, one across the other, to form the Swastika, meaning "bringer of blessings," which goes back in India to the seventh century, when it was used as a cattle mark. Another reference is to well before 528 B.C. It is found on gold leaf on a vase with the effigy of Buddha, and it appears on the Edicts of Asoka. (272-232 B.C.) The earliest example known is on a spindle whorl from the third city of Troy, about 1800 B.C., and it is frequent in Greek vases about 600 B.C.

Philadelphia Made Pattern.

Philadelphia was the first of modern municipalities whose plan was prepared for a particular site, and the rectangular plan there adopted has guided city planning in America ever since.

Longest Word.

More than two months ago the "longest" word was stated to be "antidisestablishmentarianism." Last week a reader in the west dug up a mate to it. His word is "antitransubstantiationalism."

OUR LOYALIST ANCESTORS.

When Settlers Came to Canada Following the Revolution.

New comers are coming numerously to our shores from across the seas, and some people with a mind for the past are recalling another spring when other streams came and laid the foundations of English speaking Canada.

We must never forget the colonists who came across the border after the American revolution and started settlements in the Maritime Provinces and in what are now Quebec and Ontario. There had been some English settlement in Nova Scotia before the Revolution, marked, as we all remember, by the quarrel with the French and the deportation of the Acadians ("Evangeline's" people) in 1755, and there were small bodies of Loyalists arriving between 1776 and 1782, but it was only after the peace of the latter year that the full tide set in.

On April 26, 1783, the spring fleet set sail from New York with 7,000 Loyalists, who were landed at the mouth of the St. John river, thus founding the city of Brunswick; also at Port Roseway, at the southwest end of the Nova Scotia Peninsula. New Brunswick conditions were amazing in the early days. The first ship, the mother of Sir Leonard Tilley, Minister of Finance for Canada forty years ago, used to tell her descendents: "I climbed to the top of Chipman's Hill and watched the sails disappearing in the distance, and such a feeling of loneliness came over me that, although I had not shed a tear all through the war, I sat down on the damp moss with my baby in my lap and cried."

It was a big undertaking for the new colonists in Nova Scotia, too, and one New England wit gave the province the nickname of "Nova Scarcity." Townships were founded in Cape Breton, Halifax, Shelburne, Port Cumberland, Annapolis, Digby, Port Mouton and other places. In New Brunswick the new settlers took farm lands up the St. John River as far as the site of Fredericton. The Loyalists settling in the Maritime Provinces at that time were about 35,000. The 140th anniversary of the arrival of the first fleet at the mouth of the St. John River is soon to be celebrated by the city of St. John.

The movement to the Upper Provinces began in a small way a little before 1784, and as early as 1774 Col. Christie, stationed at St. Johns on the Richelieu, reported to Governor Haldimand the arrival of immigrants who had "greatly exceeded expectations." Some of the early arrivals were formed into Loyalist regiments for service in the revolution. By the autumn of 1778 there were in Canada, at Machiche and other places, more than 1,000 refugees exclusive of soldiers, and these had increased greatly by 1783. After the peace there was a great rush to the north, with concentrations at Machiche, Sorel, Chambly and other points. But Loyalists did not permanently remain in Quebec in any large numbers, and today could probably scarcely be traced in that province.

Early in 1784 the movement to the new lands of Upper Canada took form, and huge batteau loads were brought up the Lawrence, and settlements as far as the Bay of Quinte, while overland Loyalists crossed from Lake Ontario and settled in the peninsula along Lake Erie and the Detroit River. An estimate of 25,000 in Upper Canada by 1791 is considered rather too high, but the number was undoubtedly rapidly increased. There was much destitution at first, resulting in Government aid for several years, but by 1789 most of the newcomers had turned the corner, and their numbers were thereafter swollen by immigration from Europe.

Grave of a Hero.

In the old cemetery of Trinity Anglican Church, Thornhill, Ont., seven miles from Toronto, is the grave of Lieut.-Col. Moody, who met his death in the fateful year 1837.

Col. Moody's grave is surrounded by a plain stone slab, now grown brown-gray and discolored beneath the sun, winds and rains of many years, but the inscription is still as plainly readable as it a chisel had cut it yesterday out of the hard rock. It reads as follows:—

Here lies
Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Moody,
late of the 10th Regiment,
Who, on the night of 4th December, 1837,
While on his way to Toronto to give information to the Government of the intended attack upon the
Was shot by a party of rebels.

There are older graves in the cemetery, but it is this plain stone, situated on the right hand side of the church, not far from the gateway, which draws the attention of either the student of history or the casual wayfarer. There are no members of the Moody family now living in the neighborhood, yet every schoolboy knows the location of the final resting place of this soldier, who died in the discharge of his duty. He was set upon that dark December night eighty-six years ago in the neighborhood of Scott's Tavern, formerly once standing within the present city limits. Three days later Col. McNab and his York militia scattered Mackenzie's ill-armed gang after the exchange of a few volleys.

A Long Trip.

Malcolm Smith, F.R.G.S., Arctic explorer, arrived on May 19th from Vancouver, on the Hudson's Bay Company boat Baychimo for a 25,000-mile trip, which will occupy at least four years. Leaving the vessel at a point north of Petropaviovsk on the Siberian coast, he purposes to cross Siberia in the most northerly latitudes.

Platinum abounds throughout this territory, and Mr. Smith will conduct research work for this and other precious metals. He also hopes to be able to tell the world on his return many things affecting trade relations with Russia.

By foot and dog teams he will cross the mountain ranges.

Mr. Smith has spent most of his life in the Arctic regions. At one stretch he spent 27 years within the Arctic circle without ever being "out." To him is given the credit for the discovery and exploitation of the Hinterlands of northern Canada, where along the Mackenzie River he spent many years. He is a fellow of the Royal Geographical Society of London, Eng., and a member of the Explorers' Club of New York and London.

ISLANDERS FACE RUIN

THEY HAVE HAD NO RAIN FOR THREE YEARS.

Predicament of Small Section of West Indies Purchased From Denmark by United States—Chief Industry Was Ruined as Result of the Volstead Act.

"Rum and rain" instead of "rum and ruin" is the battle cry of the inhabitants of the Virgin Islands, a West Indian group that the United States purchased some years back when the German Government seemed about to make it a pivot for depredations in the eastern Caribbean sphere. There are no unhappier Americans anywhere than the 25,000 inhabitants of the Virgins. They have had no rain for three years and the Volstead Act has destroyed one of their chief industries. A writer in the New York Herald who visited them recently says that the population is decreasing from year to year, and that those who remain would also desert their homes but for the lack of the initiative to do so. With the best will in the world the American Government cannot supply the islanders with the rainfall necessary for their crops and it is not likely to permit a relaxation of the Volstead Act in order to relieve the distress. Rum has become a popular part of call for vessels, and the old bay rum industry be revived.

The United States Government paid Denmark $25,000,000 for these islands, perhaps the largest sum ever involved in a single deal. Denmark needed the money, and the Virgin Islands no doubt thought that they would be as well or better off as part of the United States than as a dependency without Andrew Volstead. St. Thomas, one of the islands, has no agriculture, nothing but a beautiful harbor. Once upon a time it was a port of consequence, but now its glory has departed. It is 1,400 miles from New York, 1,000 miles from Panama and 3,500 miles from Liverpool. It had no coal itself but imported great quantities and ships used to put in there in number of ninety every month for bunkering. Now the increase of oil burning vessels has interfered with this trade, and only a few liners, passenger boats or crew desire liquid refreshment go to other ports not so beautiful but equally convenient. The result is that about twenty vessels a month stop to take on coal and at the earliest possible moment the engineer gets the signal for "full speed ahead." Yet on this island 11,000 people made a living, since it was the distributing point for rum in the Caribbean. In the autumn of 1778 there were in it, as was said that the application of the Volstead Act to St. Thomas was equivalent to the establishment of a royal Navy flotilla in the harbor to bring about the extermination of the people.

The islands of St. Croix which used to be the property of the Vodward Islands has had no rain to speak of for three years. The result is that the production of sugar cane for which it was famous is confined until it now averages about ten and a half tons to the acre. This same drought has had even more serious consequences in the case of St. Thomas where the people, with their other troubles, are hard put to secure a sufficient supply of drinking water. St. Croix is well adapted by nature for the production of cane and long, staple cotton, and the lack of water might also, in the calculation of these industries, if they were destroyed there would be no alternative but to move the inhabitants somewhere else, and then treat the islands as Heligoland is being treated. Of course rain will come sooner or later, but it such a crisis as the present is not to recur large sums of money will have to be spent on the islands by the United States Government.

Secretary Denby visited the islands not long ago and everywhere met the same tale of impending desolation. He said that the Government would take up immediately the question of ensuring the Virgin Islanders a water supply. Engineers will be sent to make experiments with artesian wells. Those heretofore sunk have yielded a quantity of brackish water unfit for human consumption but which the cattle will drink. He will also recommend to Congress that funds be voted for the establishment of dams and reservoirs which will catch the rain that falls. Now when rain falls it is usually in tropical violence, and is drained off into the sea before it sinks into the soil. This, of course, is a condition that has always prevailed, but the despondent Virgin Islanders are showing a tendency to blame the Volstead Act. Formerly they had rum and rain. Now they have neither. But rain without the rum would do little for St. Thomas though it would profit St. John.

The United States has already sunk $25,000,000 in these islands, and while the investment seemed in the nature of a huge joke at the time, it now takes on the sinister, tering hue of a gold brick. More expenditure looms in the immediate future. Already some members of Congress are in favor of approaching Denmark with a view of disposing of the islands at a loss. Matters of such stamp the islands are worth a good deal more to Denmark than to the United States, and she might easily make an advantageous deal with Uncle Sam. The islanders would welcome this transfer. Others think that the wisest course to pursue would be for the United States to grant independence to the islands with the proviso that it would have the right to go in again at any time it cares failed to manage their own affairs. The islanders would probably welcome this proposal also, if they could be assured of financial loan to thoroughly establish themselves. The general view, however, is that Uncle Sam should not abandon his expensive war baby, but that he might relax some of the Volstead restrictions in order to permit the revival of an industry by means of which the islands flourished.

Early Britons Used Coal.

Tools and cinders found near the ancient Roman wall in England indicate that the Britons used coal previous to the Roman invasion in 54 B.C. By the English people it was first used as a fuel in 1052, and, in the furnace for the production of iron, in 1612. In America those intrepid Jesuit missionaries, Joliet and Marquette, discovered coal near the present site of Utica, Ill., in 1673. That the Indians were acquainted with numerous coal beds and actually burned these black "stones" instead of firewood, there can be no doubt.

GOVERNOR SIMCOE'S PLAN.

He Wanted Uniformity in Buildings of Toronto.

Town-planning is not a development of the last few years. Though it is common for citizens and town-planners of Toronto to bewail the lack of foresight on the part of the founders of their community, it is not generally realized that in the laying out of Toronto Governor Simcoe attempted to conform to a strict plan which would have made that city a unique place in the new world.

The governor was concerned not so much with the width of the streets as with the width of the houses; not with the uniformity of the thoroughfares, but with the conformity of the architecture. Now the builder who erects a row of similar houses is not hailed as a public benefactor, but the first Lieutenant-Governor of Upper Canada laid down rigid injunctions as to the type of houses to be built on each street. Compliance with these regulations was necessary before the crown would grant a town lot to the early home builder.

Though he had determined to create a great city on a site on the Thames as the capital of the new province, Governor Simcoe was ambitious that York should be an ideal Georgian town. Front street was his main thoroughfare, and this he safeguarded by rigid restrictions. Only two storey dwellings were to be of stone 47 feet front, two stories in height, and after a certain order of architecture, was built, would a town lot be granted.

In the second street the houses might be somewhat less in front, but two storeys and the mode of architecture were indispensable; and it was only in the back alleys that the tinkers and tailors were to be allowed to erect their shops and other contrivances in the structure of their habitations, upon lots of one-tenth of an acre.

These provisions did not meet with the approval of all the governor's contemporaries. Hon. Richard Cartwright of Kingston, a member of the first Legislative Council, after outlining the above plans in a letter to Isaac Todd, written on October 27, 1792, says: "The good governor is a little wild in his projects and seems to imagine that he can, in two or three years, put the country in a situation that it will be impossible it can arrive at in a century; and I fear that a great deal of expense will on this means be thrown away, which, under the management of a less sanguine temper, would have been productive of solid benefit to the colony."

And while Governor Simcoe was formulating these plans for the future city he was founding, his family was living in Old Castle Frank. In spacious canvas house, enduring the rigors of a Canadian winter, while he was trudging to Detroit on snowshoes, exploring the Humber Valley north to Lake Simcoe, and arranging for the construction of Yonge street and Dundas street.

THE OLD BATH HOUSE.

A Scheme That Failed Early in the Last Century

An early dream of a city at Niagara Falls is recalled in a sketch of "the Old Bath House" by Ernest Green in the Niagara Falls Review. It was an ambitious undertaking of almost a century ago, and included a building to be called the Bath House, which was designed to provide facilities for rest and recuperation. The pumping plant on Table Rock, run by a water-wheel supplied by a power-head and race also connected with a water-tower or standpipe, which was also to be an observatory, sixteen stories high, to carry the water from the pumps to the high level reservoir and then convey it to all the community's houses and hotels, probably from Dundas street.

When the water scheme was completed the pumps were started and a stream of arrows was hidden to come to men, but the water was too scant, the wooden pipes burst, and success fled forever from the city of the Falls. The water-works failed to fill the bath, the failure filled the company's cup of misfortune to overflowing. The burst pipes were never replaced and the whole enterprise went to the dogs. The Bath House remained one of the forlorn relics of the grand scheme. At one time it was a hotel, again it was a boarding house for girls. Tradition says that the servants of the school slept in the great bath-tub on bundles of straw. Then came the desolation of Des Gouttes of the French royal forces. The siege commenced on June 7, and ended with the capitulation of the French on July 24, 1759. A period of 49 days during which occurred many serious episodes, including the brave stand and the wonderful escape of Lt.-Col. Brigade Armand. Never again was Bastil, quoted in Senator Sheldon's admirable book on the Niagara district, to set eyes on with more contempt.

In the midst of negotiations for an render Amherst send a present of fine pineapples to Madame Pouchot, to which Governor Pouchot responded with bottles of champagne, and the rare delicacy of Madame Pouchot was the talk of the camp. Daily for the next three cantons to encourage the troops, has been made famous by historians. The French commandant's reputation is pleasant to Madame Pouchot in 1758, after the death of her husband, described Governor Pouchot as an "homme d'un grand courage mais un peu brusque et de la plus grande probite." Two years later the noble citadel was completely destroyed by the British and levelled to the level ground, with the exception of a group of casemates. The last blast was fired on October 17, 1760. The siege drama of the year 1759 followed the capture of Quebec and the final drama of the French armies from the continent of America.

Much credit is due to the late Captain T. D. Kennelly, a retired officer of the Indian navy living at Loubourg, for what efforts are being made of late years to preserve the ruins of Louisburg from complete obliteration.

The Use of Vertical Lines.

By remembering that vertical lines emphasize the height of a room, one is able to make the low-ceilinged room appear normal. Wall paper with a two-toned stripe, long drop drapes hung straight, panel mirrors and pictures and high-backed chairs are some of the things that help.

First Play License.

Elizabeth's favorite, Leicester, was the first man to receive a license for the performance of plays in England. His troupe was organized the year after Elizabeth's accession and he maintained it all his life.

MARK HISTORIC SPOT

FRENCH FORTIFICATION TO BE PRESERVED.

Louisburg, Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, Was the Scene of Many Picturesque Events in the Early Days of Canada, Before Our Country Was Taken Over by the British.

The major portion of the 90 acres of land on which stood the famous French fortification of Louisburg, Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, has been placed under the control of the Canadian National Parks Branch, Department of the Interior, a movement which has been in contemplation for some time.

At the first meeting of the Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada Fort Louisburg was recommended to the Department of the Interior as one of the historic sites of national importance to which immediate attention should be directed, and negotiations were instituted to obtain control of the property. The destruction of the fort by the British in 1760 created a stony desolation, which has lasted to our own times.

Of the 90 acres of land dealing with Louisburg the student of history, or even the average graduate of the public schools of Canada, will need less explanation than any other historic place, with the possible exception of Quebec. As with the site of Quebec, Louisburg's name is immortally connected with Louisburg, and for all time the teachers and children of the Dominion will thrill to the story of many a gallant soldier breasting the surf of the rock-bound coast of Cape Breton "cutlass in hand," and trusting to the fortunes of war in the assault that laid him to win the prize of victory or to meet the cost of defeat.

At Louisburg the French had built a masonry fortress after the plans of Vauban and, according to Parkman, costing not less than 30,000 livres. By fortifying Isle Royale (Cape Breton) they intended to make it a entrance to the St. Lawrence and conserve their possession of one of the richest colonies which the world had ever seen. They wished also to have a convenient base of operations for the recapture, at a later date, of the province which their arms had already called the Dunquerque of America.

Under the treaty of Utrecht, April 11, 1713, which closed the war between the British and French, without removing its causes, it was agreed that Hudson Bay, Newfoundland and Acadia, "according to its ancient limits," should belong to Britain, while Isle Royale and the islands of the St. Lawrence should still be held by France. But no one regarded this settlement as satisfactory or permanent, and least of all the French, whose territories stretched from the St. Lawrence to the mouth of the Mississippi through the backlands of the continent. At the gateway of Canada they saw a rock-bound harbor difficult to access and easy to defend. There they built their military stronghold. They tried to make it as Acadian Paris, but in its neighborhood, but those industrious freeman had toiled too hard to make their lands productive to permit the development of a less sanguine temper, would have been productive of solid benefit to the colony."

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The Parting Shot.

Hunter (on mule back)—Can you shoot from this mule?

Sam—Yessah, yo' can shoot from dar mule—easy—Life.

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In order to introduce Marathon High Test Gas to the public, we intend selling it for a time at the same price as low test gas. We invite you to give it a trial.

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Paint Up!

Insure your buildings against decay and improve their appearance. 100 per cent. Martin-Senour, 100 per cent. pure paints and varnishes. Also genuine white lead, pure boiled oil, turpentine, glass, putty, always in stock. Consult us before buying. WILSON'S Hardware.

Death of Newburgh Physician.

The funeral of the late Dr. Henry Osgoode Lanfear, a former well-known practicing physician of Newburgh, who died in Kingston hospital, was held on Saturday morning from Jas. Reid's undertaking parlors to the late home of the deceased. Service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Wood, pastor of the Newburgh Presbyterian church.

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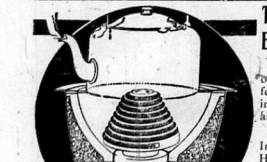
Coal Oil Stoves!

New Perfection and Wickless Stoves, the latest improved lines in stock. WILSON'S Hardware.

A Social Evening.

Thursday evening of last week, about thirty-eight members of The Helping Hand Bible Class of Grace Methodist Church, enjoyed a most sociable evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Byron Rose, Deseronto road. The evening was spent in singing, guessing contests, etc., after which light refreshments were served. Some slight disappointment was caused by a shower of rain which fell, preventing the luncheon from being served on the lawn, where tables had been laid and prettily decorated. A hearty vote of thanks to the host and hostess concluded an enjoyable evening.



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NAPANEE, ONT.

WHEN ROSES BLOOM

And velvet lawns and cool foliage surround those in their final sleep, let us erect to the memory of your dear departed, a monument in granite, that will stand forever. We have always a large number of designs to choose from at very low prices.

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'Phone 359. **McIntosh Bros.** 'Phone 359.

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RATINES, in all the leading shades. Our special 65c. yard.

VOILES, this is where we shine. All one price, 75c. yard.

GINGHAMS. We have without doubt the finest range of ginghams in the trade. From 25c. yard.

LADIES' SPORT SKIRTS, special clearing line, $1.00 each.

Special reductions in LADIES' SUMMER UNDERWEAR.

LADIES SUMMER VESTS, comfy cut and short sleeves. Our price 25c.

LADIES' VOILE WAISTS, all new goods, from $1.00.

LADIES' SILK HOSE, Black, Brown, Grey and White, our price, 75c. pair.

MEN'S WEAR

Men's Silk Ties, all one price, 50c.
Men's Light Summer Socks, 25c. pair.
Men's Silk Hose, Black, Brown and White, only, 50c. pair.
Men's Sport Shirts to clear 98c.
Men's Khaki Pants, all sizes, our price $1.95 pair.

CHINA, GLASSWARE, ALUMINUM AND AGATEWARE. IN THIS DEPARTMENT WE DEFY COMPETITION

Glass Tumblers, extra heavy, 5c. each.
Glass Pitchers, from 50c. each.
We have a large range in Cut Glass Water Sets, all specially priced.
White Cups, 10c. each, 3 for 25c. Just the thing for camp use.
Fruit Dishes, our special, 10c. each, 3 for 25c.
McIntosh Bros. Laundry Soap, none better. 3 1-lb. bars for 25c. Everybody's using it.

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McINTOSH BROS., NAPANEE BRANCH.

Where You Get Value for Your Money.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

The pastor will conduct both services.

9 a.m.—Class meeting.
9.45 a.m.—Young people's class
10.30 a.m.—Morning worship.
11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Adult Classes.
7.00 p.m.—Public Worship.
Wednesday, 7.45 p.m.—Midweek Prayer and Praise service.

Hay Forks Rope.

Best Plymouth pure Manilla Hay Forks Rope; also chains, slings, hay forks; also Plymouth Binder Twine, superior quality. WILSON'S Hardware.

New Paint Shop.

Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 5-tf

Bowling.

Gibbard Trophy games to date: Winner of tournament, C. I. Maybee; Maybee vs. Lapum, won by Lapum; Lapum vs. Smith, won by Smith; Smith vs. Pollard, won by Pollard; Pollard vs. Doller, won by Doller.

Principal Gandier's Mother Dies In Her 85th Year.

The death occurred on Friday at her home in Newburgh, of Mrs. Gandier, wife of Rev. Joseph Gandier, and mother of Rev. Alfred Gandier, Toronto, Moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly of Canada, and of Lady Falconer, Toronto. Her aged husband is in very frail health. Mrs. Gandier had been ill for a long time and was visited by her son, the Presbyterian moderator, a week before he left for Geneva. She was 84 years of age. Her husband's last charge was that of Newburgh, where they resided for over 30 years.

Jack's Wife.

This big 4-act Musical Comedy Drama, with four big spectacular specialties between the acts, by the over fifty Deseronto most popular local talent in the cast, and under the auspices of the Women's Citizens' League, and under the able direction of Theodore H. Bird, will be brought to Napanee on Friday night, July 20th, and will be produced at the Wonderland Theatre. Those who miss the four big specialties that Mr. Bird has arranged and is producing in "Jack's Wife" will miss one of the treats of the theatrical season. The reserve seat sale opens at Kelly's grocery store on Wednesday morning, July 18th. Reserve Seats, 50c. Children's (rush seats, 25c.

Amherst Island Mission Gifts.

The monthly meeting of the W. M.S. of St. Paul's church, Amherst Island, was held at the home of Mrs. James McKee, on June 27th. After devotional exercises conducted by Mrs. E. Kilpatrick, arrangements were made to hold an ice-cream social and sale of home-made cooking in the near future to add to the expense fund of the society. Final arrangements were also made to meet the following day at the home of Mrs. H. Sanders, in Stella, where the annual bale was packed and shipped to Kingston. A splendid bale to the value of 865 was forwarded, consisting of a complete outfit for a girl of nine years, an infant's outfit, a quilt, a pair of blankets, toys and other first class articles of clothing. The W.A. also assisted with a quilt, a bedspread and many other good gifts to the Cecelia Jeffroy's school, to the value of 825.

Williams—Dewey.

A very pretty June wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Dewey, of St. Mary's, on Tuesday, June 26, the contracting parties being Dr. R. A. Williams, of Toronto, and Miss Hattie J. Dewey, of St. Mary's. Rev. Canon Collins, of Sarnia, assisted by the Rev. A. Feaney, of St. Mary's, conducted the ceremony. The bride was prettily gowned in a suit of peacock grey knitted silk, trimmed with mauve, and wore a corsage bouquet of orchids and mauve sweet peas. The young friends were: Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Williams, Toronto; Dr. W. B. Abbot, of Seattle, Wash., uncle of the bride; Rev. and Mrs. Collins and Patsy, of Sarnia, cousins of the bride; Miss Estelle Russell, Ottawa; Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Hanna, Hamilton; Mr. Harold Hunter, St. Mary's; and the bride's brother, H. M. Dewey, Hartford, Conn., U.S.A. Miss Helen Mills, of St. Mary's, played the Wedding March. The happy young couple started on their honeymoon on the evening train, and intend staying at Glen Island summer resort on Bay of Quinte, and will be at home to their friends after Sept. 1, at 336 Palmerston boulevard.

Suede Powder to use on Black, Brown or Grey Suede Shoes, at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

MILLHAVEN.

The farmers are busy in the hay and are making good use of the fine weather, although everything is in need of rain.

The bridge which was being laid on the station road is completed.

Many from here attended the lawn social which was held at the Union Church on Friday night.

Miss Helen Emery has returned to Toronto, after spending her holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Emery.

Billy Anderson, Montreal, is visiting his uncle, Mr. Robert Rickey.

Mr. and Mrs. Berk, of Newark, are visiting at Oscar Amey's.

John Goodearle, of Toronto, spent a few days recently the guest of Cecil Wemp.

Mr. and Mrs. George Baker, of Detroit, were visiting relatives here.

A number from here intending to spend the 12th in Kingston.

See the new "STAR" Car at Normile's New Garage, on East Street.

Spend A Little Save A Lot

Its surprising what DRY CLEANING can do in putting smartness and longer wear into a man's clothes.

Bring in your Suits and have them Cleaned and put in shape.

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
NAPANEE.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.
11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.
Sunday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.
Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Midweek service.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

10.30—Holy Communion.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening prayer.

The services ill be taken by Rev. H. Ker Coleman, of Parham.

MISS BESSIE J. CARD

TEACHER OF PIANO

Studio: John Street.
'Phone 277. 32-cp

Fishing Tackle.

Poles, lines, reels, hooks, baits in great variety. DAVY & ALLISON.

County Debentures.

The County is calling for tenders for the purchase of $28,000 of debentures, the proceeds of which are to be used to pay the 1921-1922 accounts for the construction of the Provincial Highways. R. W. Paul, chairman of the Finance Committee of the County Council, will receive tenders for these debentures up to Friday, July 27th, at noon.

MOIRA CHURCH

'Tis the end of a perfect summer day.
First Sabbath day in June,
And from the church across the way
Comes an old familiar tune.

Sweet old hymns of love and praise
Come o'er the air so still,
It makes me think of childhood days,
And the old church on the hill.

Old hymns that I have often heard,
That most of you must know,
I used to know them word for word
In the days of long ago.

Jesus lover of my soul,
Nearer my God to Thee,
His love is better far than gold,
And Rock of Ages Cleft for Me.

And often sitting on the lawn
At the old home far away,
With twilight's murky curtain drawn
About the closing day.

On a Sunday eve, in the light of the moon,
When the air was very still,
How often I've heard those same tunes
From the old white church on the hill.

How thoughts of the church with its shortened spire,
And of the organ's sweet refrain,
And the hymns that were sung by the village choir,
Come back to my mind again.

How many in the grave yard round,
Each in his family plot,
Lie buried underneath the ground
Who'll never be forgot.

An wheresoe'er one may roam
Who did in Morven dwell,
This one old landmark of his home
He will remember well.

'Tis thus with me, I'll ne'er forget
The old church on the hill,
From its memory I'll not let
And I know it always will.

G. H. R., Detroit, Mich.

Written by Gordon H. Ruttan, son of Arch T. Ruttan, R. R. No. 1.

Gas on Stomach Won't Let You Sleep

Gas often presses on heart and other organs, causing a restless, nervous feeling which prevents sleep. Simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adlerika, expels gas and relieves pressure almost INSTANTLY, inducing restful sleep. Adlerika often removes surprising old matter from BOTH upper and lower bowel which poisoned stomach and caused gas. EXCELLENT to guard against appendicitis. Wallace's Drug Store, Ltd.

Sporting Goods.

A special assortment of fishing tackle, baseball goods and tennis racquets. WILSON'S Hardware.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. A. E. Foster.

10.00—Class meeting.
10.30—Morning Service.
11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00 p.m.—Evening Service.
Wednesday, 7.30 p.m.—"The Prayer Service."

VARIETY SHOWER.

A number of friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Finney, Empey Hill, on Monday evening last, and presented Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Pinney with a shower of beautiful and useful presents.

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Husband, 8 piece dining suite; Mr. and Mrs. F. J. VanAlstyne, silver cake fork; Mr. and Mrs. G. McWain, silver casserole; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cole, cut glass sugar and cream; Miss Lizzie Chambers, silver mayonaise set; Mr. and Mrs. Bert Mowers, half dozen sherbet glasses; Miss Madeline Goel, half dozen sherbet glasses; Mr. and Mrs. Ward Sherman, silver cake fork; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Charlton, half doz. silver spoons; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pinney, reed arm chair; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Boyce, half doz. coffee spoons; Russell Withers, tomato server; Mr. and Mrs. A. Hagerman, and Mrs. Rose Pinney, half doz. Old Colony silver knives and forks; Mr. and Mrs. John E. Joyce, cut glass bowl; Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Chambers, silver butter dish. Mr. and Mrs. John Dickson and family, china fruit set; Misses Nora and Louise Graham, fancy pitcher; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Germain and family, 4-piece aluminum set and roaster; Mr. Earl Pinney, silver cheese knife; Miss Beatrice and Mr. Ross Charlton, half doz. silver spoons; Mr. and Mrs. A. Pinney and Master Kenneth, silver fern bowl; Mr. and Mrs. S. Oliver, silver casserole; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cummings, linen table cloth; Mrs. T. Carscallen and Miss Oliver, reed rocking chair; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hudson, silver bread plate; Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Joyce, silver sandwich tray; Miss L. E. Russell, hand painted dish; Mr. and Mrs. Boyce, aluminum tea pot; Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Chambers, silver jelly server; Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Wdmsley, silver pie fork; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Shane, silver baker; Mr. Herbert and Miss Edythe and Olive Hughes, cut glass marmalade jar; Mrs. Sarah Cutler, cut glass pepper and salt; Mrs. N. VanAlstyne, half doz. silver teaspoons; Mr. and Mrs. A. Charlton, silver meat fork; Mr. and Mrs. Asa Sherman, half doz. silver coffee spoons; Mrs. Lyons Beatty, $5.00; Miss Ada Bell, pair of hand towels; Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Gonyl, Mr. and Mrs. Glanford Hudson, cut glass fruit set; Mr. and Mrs. George Shane, $5.00; Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Oliver, $5.00; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dowsley, aluminum water pail; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Johnston, pair of bath towels; Miss Pearl Fred Dowsley, fancy linen centre; Mrs. N. VanAlstyne, quilt; Mr. and Mrs. Percy Kimmerly, aluminum coffee percolator and soap doll; Mr. and Mrs. A. Waddingham, hand painted bowl; Miss Sarah Winter, cake plate; Mr. and Mrs. Ross of Melburn, Brown Betty teapot; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hudson, pitcher; Miss Grace Russell, guest towel; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pinney, half doz. cups, saucers and plates, and dish pan; Mr. and Mrs. Roy Stafford, hand painted mayonaise set; Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert Winters, cake plate; Master Harold Winters, teapot stand; Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Tinsley, aluminum stew pan; Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Ashley, glass butter tub; Mr. and Mrs. Willie Bell, nut bowl; Clinton Rendell and Helen Thomas, Pyrex Baker; Mrs. Tucker and Mr. and Mrs. Bobby Tucker, aluminum frying pan; Erwin Hill, china cake plate; Mr. and Mrs. W. Waddingham, jardiniere; Mr. Fred Husband, aluminum tea kettle; Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Kimmerly, aluminum sauce pan; Miss Carmelita Booth, spoon tray; Ray Husband, flour sifter; Mrs. John Coulter, pepper and salt set; Mr. and Mrs. John Mowers, cut glass fruit dish; Mr. and Mrs. D. Oliver, cake pan; Mr. and Mrs. Z. Dean, guest towel; Mr. and Mrs. J. Boyce, potato masher and cake tin; Mrs. H. Haggerty, glass cake plate; Mr. and Mrs. Herb Kimmerly, large aluminum mixing bowl; Mr. and Mrs. L. Melburn, silver tray; Mary Oliver, aluminum pie plates; Mr. and Mrs. Clair Russell, aluminum pie plates; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Henderson, cake plate; Mrs. Louise Boyce, Fuller brush; Mr. and Mrs. E. Stafford, hand painted bon bon dish; Mr. and Mrs. E. Waddingham, celery dish; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hudson, cut glass basket; Mrs. T. Russell and Sanford, bath towel; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Henderson, cake plate; Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Winter, hand painted bowl; Orval E. Storey, cut glass basket; Clayton Woodcock, cut glass pickle dish; Mr. Chas. and Mr. Herbert Akey, stand cover; Miss Beatrice and Mr. W. Joyce, aluminum salt and pepper set; Mr. and Mrs. Roy McMath, pair bath towels; Mr. and Mrs. George Withers and family, hand painted cake plate; Mr. and Mrs. J. Haggerty, cut glass pitcher; S. A. Vandewater, cut glass bowl; E. and G. Dowell, cut glass bowl; Mr. and Mrs. A. Hagerman, fancy basket; Miss Lela German, hot dish lifter; Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Husband, $2.00; Mrs. Farris and Berta Hudson, $1.00; Mrs. Mills, $2.00; Mr. and Mrs. Ward Sexsmith; $2.00; Mr. and Mrs. Percy Sexsmith, $1.00; Mr. Mitchell Sampson, $1.00; Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson, $1.00; Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Topping, $1.00; Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Tucker, $1.00; Mr. and Mrs. Will Alexander, $1.00; Mr. George Russell, 50c.

The Market Grocery.

For the finest bread try Royal Household Flour. Wheat Granules for the best Breakfast Food. Buy Baker's Cocoa by the lb. and save money. The finest grades of Coffee and Teas are handled by this store. Maple syrup, Clover honey, fancy biscuits. Try this store with your next order.

THOMPSON BROS.

A "Want Adv." in The Napanee Express will bring results. Try it.

THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS TIERNEY UNDERTAKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
HALLPAPERS WINDOW SHADES
PHONE 67

VARIETY SHOWER.

About 200 friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hudson, Mount Pleasant, on Friday evening, June 29th., and presented them with a large number of useful articles.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hudson, pie casserole; Mr. and Mrs. George Withers, cheque; Mrs. T. M. Russell, silver bread plate; Mrs. N. VanAlstyne, tea pot; Mrs. John Hudson, Sr., linen table cloth and half doz. table napkins; Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson and family, silver folding casserole; Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Lloyd, cake plate; Mr. and Mrs. Ford Russell, glass pickle dish; Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Russell, pie casserole; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Tucker and Mrs. Tucker, glass fruit bowl and butter dish; Mr. and Mrs. Clair Russell, silver butter dish; Mr. Russell Withers, aluminum roasting pan; Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Withers and family, silver butter dish; Mr. and Mrs. Tom Craven and family, cake knife; Mr. and Mrs. Archie Simmons, cake fork; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Boyce, half doz. cocoa spoons; Miss Edith Withers, fancy lamp; Miss Lillian Rose, doz. silver spoons; Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Sills and family, silver berry spoon; Mr. and Mrs. Fred VanAlstyne, silver cake fork; Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Hudson, half doz. cocoa spoons; Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hudson, aluminum tea kettle; Mr. and Mrs. M. Husband, an dfamily, silver cake plate; Mr. and Mrs. Joyce, silver butter dish; Mr. and Mrs. Jack Coulter, silver meat fork; Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Hudson, pie casserole; Mr. and Mrs. John Hudson, Jr., and family, glass water set; Mr. Percy Hudson and Carrie, aluminum roasting pan; Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Fretts, silver tomato server; Mr. and Mrs. E. Akenbrack, two silver table spoons; Mr. and Mrs. John Russell, china milk pitcher, sugar bowl, spoon holder and butter dish; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Russell, cake plate; Mr. and Mrs. Will Winters, fruit saucer; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kimmerly, aluminum milk pitcher and sugar bowl; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Russell, $3.00; Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Howe, silver meat fork; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Waddingham, marmalade dish; Mr. Jimmie Russell, marmalade dish; Mr. and Mrs. Roy Stafford, silver cheese knife; Mr. and Mrs. T. Dowling, aluminum tea kettle, double boiler, tea pot, pepper and salt set; Mr. and Mrs. Mary Dowling, fancy teapot; Miss E. Weston and Mr. D. Neale, Jr., silver berry spoon; Mr. and Mrs. John N. Richmond, two silver table spoons; Mr. Henry Sexsmith and Maggie, hand painted berry set; Mr. and Mrs. F. Waddingham, glass water set; Mr. and Mrs. Will Withers, double boiler; Mr. and Mrs. James McMath, five piece kitchen table cover; Mr. and Mrs. Roy McMath and McGillivray, gold lined bread plate; Miss Ida Hill, silver pie knife; Mr. and Mrs. L. Greenfield, silver berry spoon, and glass flower basket; Mr. Kenneth Hill, glass mustard pot; Mrs. Mowers, Wiseman, pair linen towels; Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Black, linen table end; Mr. and Mrs. E. R. McCabe; linen hemstitched towels; Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Neale, Sr., pair bath towels; Mr. and Mrs. Ira Ferris, silver butter dish; Mr. and Mrs. Jay McMath, hand painting; Mrs. T. M. Russell, meat platter and two plates; Mr. and Mrs. Clair Russell, bowl; Mr. and Mrs. R. McMath, tea kettle; Mr. and Mrs. E. Akenbrack, hand embroidered table ends; Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Gibson, quilt; Mr. and Mrs. A. Winters and family, $1.00; Mr. and Mrs. G. Withers, hand painted bowl, and tooth pick holder; Mr. R. Withers, half doz. egg cups and photograph book; Mr. and Mrs. M. Hudson, crochet doilies; Miss Lillian Russell, quilt; Mr. and Mrs. M. Husband, two aluminum pie plates; Mr. and Mrs. R. McMath, fruit colander; Mr. and Mrs. C. Penny, engraved glass salt and pepper shakers, with ivory and silver tops; Mr. and Mrs. J. Hudson, glass bowl and spoon holder; Mr. and Mrs. H. Young, hand embroidered hemstitched towels; Mr. and Mrs. C. Brooks, pair bath towels; Mr. and Mrs. T. Dowling, engraved glass marmalade dish; Mr. R. E. Dowling, silver gravy ladle; Mr. Joseph Dowling, fancy fruit dish; Miss Mary Dowling, layer tins and flower sifter; Miss Rose Greenfield, painted fruit dish; Miss Bernadetta Moran, half doz. silver spoons; Mr. Willis Kimmerly, fancy glass pickle dish; Mr. and Mrs. E. Woodcock and family, engraved glass milk pitcher and sugar bowl; Messrs. Robt. and Malcolm Woodcock, engraved glass butter dish; Mr. E. Driver, fancy glass water pitcher; Mr. and Mrs. R. Kimmerly, fancy glass pickle dish; Mr. and Mrs. F. Henderson, cut glass marmalade dish with silver cover and spoon; Mr. and Mrs. Easley Smith agate sauce pan; Mrs. H. Henderson, engraved glass salt and pepper shakers; Miss Evelyn and Mr. G. Dowdell, fancy glass dish; Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Sexsmith, $1.00; Mr. and Mrs. J. Haggerty, glass vase; Mr. G. F. Mowbray, pair towels; Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Storey and Orval, $1.00; Mr. and Mrs. B. Hudson, and family, pair towels; Messrs. H. and C. Akey, crochet handbag and hemstitched handkerchief; Messrs. C. and P. Hawley, $1.00; Miss Vera Cranston, crochet doiley; Mr. and Mrs. W. Alexander, $1.00; Mr. and Mrs. C. Topping, pair towels; Miss M. and Fred Stafford, enmbroidered centrepiece; Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Davis, $1.00; Mr. and Mrs. McGiffin, pair towels; Mr. and Mrs. Orval Ashley, glass pitcher and sugar bowl; Miss Grace and Reid Hume, aluminum salt and pepper shakers; Mr. A. Storr, 50c.; Mr. E. Hill, 50c.; Mr. and Mrs. Gay Hall, glass bowl; Miss H. M. Barker, crochet centrepiece; Mr. and Mrs. J. Knight, 50c.; Mrs. J. Turnbull, fancy pitcher; Mr. G. Russell, aluminum dipper; Mr. E. Penny, cakes tins; Mr. and Mrs. H. Kimmerly, clothes pin bag and clothes pins; Mr. and Mrs. T. Tompkins, dish pan; Mr. H. McGreer, rolling pin; Mr. Frank and Miss Leila German, agate frying pan; Mr. and Mrs. F. Oliver, clothes pin bag; Miss Laura Scott, agate saucepan; Mr. Huffman, box chocolates; Mr. and Mrs. Murphy, towel; A friend, box chocolates; Mr. C. Woodcock, fancy cup and saucer; Mr. and Mrs. J. Doyle and family, silver butter knife; Miss Carrie Hicks, fancy glass bowl.

WONDERLAND

NAPANEE'S FAVORITE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT

For entertainment of the better sort.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Marshall Neilan presents "THE STRANGERS BANQUET," the greatest cast of Stars that ever assembled for one picture. A powerful drama of the pacific shipyard.

And a 2-reel comedy.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Famous Lasky presents one of their best features, "ACROSS THE CONTINENT," a special in six parts, with an all Star cast.

Also a 2-reel comedy.

And next episode of our serial, "THE PLUNDER."

MONDAY and TUESDAY

"MINNIE" never had a sweetheart so she charmed a corpse. The only men who spoke to Minnie always invited her for an auto ride and she always walked home, so don't fail to see her bolding her own.

Also a Torchy comedy, "TORCHY STEPS OUT."

Black's Orchestra Wednesday Nights.

The Home of High Class Pictures and Road Shows.

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Black Leaf 40c.
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will destroy all plant lice and bugs.

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BATTERIES

If your battery could speak, how often would it ask you for a drink of water? That's an important point in battery care. If you've been a little careless in this, bring your battery here for examination.

E. F. SMITH,
AGENT
John Street, Napanee.

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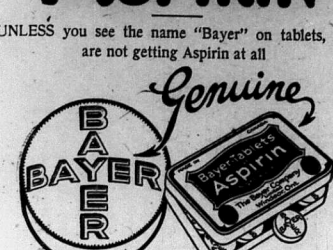

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
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Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Record of votes ommitted from published minutes.

On the By-law introduced by Mr. D. E. Smith, in regard to removing obstructions from the County highways, Mr. Paul asked for the yeas and nays. The result was as follows :

Yeas—Messrs. Campbell, J. L. Smith, Fisher, Hannah, Johnston, D. E. Smith, McNeelly, Sexsmith, Patterson, Milling, Rogers, Peters, Young—15.

Nays—Paul,—1.

Moved by Paul, seconded by Milling, that Townships having overdrafts be credited with 30 per cent. of amounts received by County by government. Lost.

Mr. Paul asked for the Yeas and Nays.

Yeas—Paul, Johnston, Milling —3.

Nays—Campbell, J. L. Smith, Fisher, Hannah, D. E. Smith, McNeely, Sexsmith, Peters, Patterson, Rodgers, Young—11.

A motion authorizing High County Constable Sam Brien to settle with parties who have cut trees on county roads, was lost.

Mr. J. L. Smith asked for the Yeas and Nays.

Yeas—J. L. Smith, Johnston, Paul, Sexsmith—4.

Nays—Campbell, Fisher, Hannah, D. E. Smith, McNeely, Patterson, Milling, Peters, Rodgers, Young—10.

"On the By-law making certain special grants to municipalities for road work, Mr. Paul asked for the Yeas and Nays on the final passing of the by-law.

Yeas—Campbell, J. L. Smith, Fisher, Hannah, Johnston, D. E. Smith, McNeely, Sexsmith, Milling, Peters, Young—11.

Nays—Paul—1.

THE OFFICIAL COUNT.

Statement by Returning Officer respecting votes polled in the Electoral District of Lennox at the election held on the twenty-fifth day of June, 1923.

	Vrooman	Hambly
Napanee I-IA.....	100	69
Napanee I-1B.....	53	48
Napanee II-A.....	62	62
Napanee II-B.....	105	64
Napanee III-A.....	97	76
Napanee III-B.....	67	46
Napanee IV-A.....	144	89
Napanee IV-B.....	68	60
Napanee V-A.....	116	85
Napanee V-B.....	65	47
Richmond I.....	93	87
Richmond II.....	102	94
Richmond III-A.....	66	50
Richmond III-B..	89	53
Richmond IV.....	43	97
Richmond V-A.....	47	94
Richmond V-B.....	26	61
Ernestown I.....	49	56
Ernestown II-A..	81	77
Ernestown II-B..	67	69
Ernestown III-A..	56	51
Ernestown III-B..	44	28
Ernestown IV.....	92	102
Ernestown V-A....	53	66
Ernestown V-B....	38	43
Ernestown VI-A..	45	77
Ernestown VI-B..	87	57
Amherst I'd I-A..	57	62
Amherst I'd I-B..	20	28
Amherst I'd II...	37	27
Adolphustown...	76	64
Adolphustown I-B	27	39
Adolphustown II..	35	21
S. Fredburg I-A..	82	72
S. Fredburg I-B..	34	34
S. Fredburg II-A.	65	73
S. Fredburg II-B.	29	33
N. Fredburg I.....	104	80
N. Fredburg II-A.	60	67
N. Fredburg II-B.	49	18
N. Fredburg III-A	82	87
N. Fredburg III-B	57	55
Bath I.....	61	101
Totals.....	2767	2635
	2635	

Vrooman's Majority 132

"Be pitiful, be courteous," 1 Peter, 3:8 ; "Son, go work to-day in my vineyard," Mat. 21-28 ; "Holy, holy, holy is the Lord of hosts, the whole earth is full of His glory," Isa. 6-9 ; "I pleased the Father that in Him should all fullness dwell," Col. 1-19 ; "Blessed are the peace-makers, for they shall be called the children of God," Mat. 5-9 ; "Come unto Me, all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest," Mat. 11-28 ; "Let us therefore come boldly unto the throne of grace, that we may obtain mercy and find grace to help in time of need," Heb. 4-16. Love brings the glorious fullness in.

And to His saints makes known The blessed rest from inbred sin, Through faith in Christ alone.

A BIBLE LOVER.

Senator Thorne Dead.

OTTAWA, July 9.—The news of the death of Senator W. H. Thorne, of St. John, N.B., removes a well-known and popular figure from Federal politics, and it was received with much regret in the capital. He was one of those forces whose influence was exercised more through contact with his fellows than through speeches made from his place in the Red Chamber. When he did speak, however, it was with authority, as his ripe judgment and business acumen lent to his public utterances an undoubted distinction. He was a Conservative of the Macdonald school and the reminiscences of political battles of days long past in New Brunswick always secured for him an appreciative audience.

His death makes three vacancies in the Senate, the other two being from Alberta and Quebec.

Blazing Airplane Alights on Roof.

LONDON, Eng., July 9.—A blazing airplane crashing through the roof of a house Sunday killed the two flyers in the machine and completely destroyed the building upon which it fell. The accident occurred in Purley, a London suburb, early this morning. A number of people watching the flight saw the plane nose dive and burst into flames. Plunging downward, it exploded just as it smashed through the roof of the two story villa. Lieut. Leroy, the pilot, and his observer, Logsdail, were killed instantly.

Morris Defeats Gollan.

HENLEY-ON-THAMES, July 9.—M. K. Morris, Great Britain, is this year's winner of the Diamond Sculls, won last year by Walter Hoover, of Duluth. Morris defeated D. H. L. Gollan in the final heat for the trophy rowed on the Thames. Morris took the lead early in the race and won by a length. His time was 8 minutes 23 seconds.

RICH IN VITAMINES

MAKE PERFECT BREAD

RICHMOND MINUTES

Selby, July 3rd, 1923.

The Council met in the Town Hall, Selby. Members all present the Reeve presiding.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Moved by S. S. Brown, seconded by W. J. Gollinger, that the Engineer's Pay Sheet No. 7 for $379.86 ; pay sheet No. 8 for $340.88, and pay sheet No. 8 for $69.75, be paid and cheques issued to various men on pay sheets. Carried.

Moved by S. S. Brown, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that as $5.00 granted on Nov. 6th, 1922, to Fred Booth for work on boundary between Hungerford and Richmond, had not been paid, a cheque be given Fred Booth for the above amount. Carried.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, seconded by Milford Dupre, that Fred Booth be given a cheque for $5.00 on condition that Hungerford duplicate the amount for work between the two townships. Carried.

Moved by Milford Dupre, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that a cheque be sent Judge J. H. Madden for $181.62, which amount is Richmond's share of Revision expenses, cheque to be sent to U. M. Wilson, Clerk of Election Board. Carried.

Moved by S. S. Brown, seconded by W. J. Gollinger, that Samuel Winters be granted $10.00 for levelling ditches and fixing fences at cross roads in 6th con. Carried.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, seconded by S. S. Brown, that Herrington, Warner and Grange be paid the sum of $200.00 for Treasurer's bonds in Canadian Surety Co. Carried.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that Paul McLaughlin be paid $5.25 for gravel. Carried.

Moved by W. J. Gollinger, seconded by E. A. McQuaig, that Bylaw No. 713 for striking different rates for 1923, receive its 3rd reading, be signed, sealed and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by Milford Dupre, seconded by W. J. Gollinger, that the following accounts be paid : Mrs. Doney, aid for July, $5.00 ; Nelson Hartin, aid for July, $5.00 ; Richard Lloyd, aid for July, $5.00 ; W. J. McComb for boards and 94 rods wire fence, $223.50. Carried.

Moved by Milford Dupre, seconded by S. S. Brown, that Robert Paul oversee the expending of money on township roads until next session. Carried.

Council adjourned to meet Aug. 7th, 1923.

H. A. WOOD, Clerk.

BY-Law No. 713.

Passed July 3rd, 1923.

For the purpose of striking the rates for the Township of Richmond for County purposes, be levied and collected.

2. That the rate of 3 mills be levied and collected for township purposes.

3. That the rate of 7 mills be levied and collected for general school purposes.

4. That we levy and collect $1.00 per day road levy as per the attached list :

$500 2 days ; to $1000, 3 days ; to $1500 4 days ; to $2,000 5 days ; to $2600, 6 days ; to $3200, 7 days ; to $3900, 8 days ; to 4600, 9 days ; to $5300, 10 days ; to $6000, 11 days ; to $6700, 12 days ; to $7400, 13 days.

H. A. WOOD, Clerk.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Scott spent a few days at his brother's, Rev. P. A. Scott's.

Mr. and Mrs. Will. Birrell, and Mr. Lorne Birrell, Bath, and Mr. Spencer, Watertown, visited on Sunday at Mr. Milford Dupree's.

Miss Marguerite Pringle, Toronto, is spending her holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Pringle.

Miss Eckhardt, Moscow, is visiting Mrs. P. A. Scott.

Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sills, and Keith, and Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Perry and Bessie took dinner on Sunday at Mr. Byron Rose's, Desoronto road.

Mr. Walter Herrington has bought the mail route from Mrs. Conger and is busy driving mail.

Mrs. Roy Robertson and Bobbie spent a couple of days with her father, Mr. Jas. Guthill.

We are sorry to lose Rev. P. A. Scott from our vicinity, and hope the Denbigh people will appreciate their good fortune.

Master Horace Empey spent a few days with his cousin, Keith Sills.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dupree and family called Sunday evening at Mr. Roy McMath's, Empey Hill.

Mr. Ezecutt Rose entertained his Sunday school class at his home Thursday evening. Thirty-eight members were present, and a very enjoyable time was spent.

Mr. Burton Vandebogart, Little Britain, spent over July 1st, at home.

Master Ross Lasher is sick with bronchial pneumonia.

Beekeeper's Supplies.

Foundation and section comb, sections, smokers, queen excluders and honey cans. WILSON'S Hardware.

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

Council Chamber,
Napanee, July 3rd, 1923.

Council met in regular session on Tuesday evening, Mayor MacGregor presiding.

Members present—Reeve Hambly and Councillors Tustin, Burgess, Huffman, Paul and Perry.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read, and on motion were confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From W. G. Wilson, County Clerk, informing the Council that the equalized assessment of the town had been placed at $888,-000.00, and the rate struck at 12½ mills, the County rate being $11,100.00. The town receives back from the County $3,395.83, as follows : $2,795.93 as a grant under Good Roads, and $600.00 as a special grant. Ordered filed.

From the Napanee Cemetery Co., asking to have a four-foot cement walk built from Barrett's corner, on the Newburgh Road, to connect with the walk already laid near the cemetery. The company signified their willingness to subscribe liberally to assist the town in the matter. Referred to the Streets Committee to report.

The Secretary of the Board of Education presented the requisitions of that body for the ensuing year as follows : Napanee Collegiate Institute $9,618.55, and Public Schools $15,170.00. Ordered filed.

Moved by Reeve Hambly, seconded by Councillor Burgess, that the Finance Committee, Mayor MacGregor and W. A. Grange, Clerk, be a committee to join with the committee appointed by the Board of Education to meet the committee appointed by the County Council and settle the matter of the School Board requisition for the Collegiate Institute from the County. Carried.

The matter of the misbehaviour of some boys at the bathing house was referred to the Police Committee.

The Committee on slogans for the town reported to the Council that they have examined the several slogans sent in, and recommended one by J. H. Russell, Napanee, for approaches to the town at each end of the Provincial Highway, as follows :

NAPANEE
The Ideal Place for Factory and for Home.
They also recommended one by Miss Loreen Connor, R.M.D. No. 3, Napanee, to be used at the station :

NAPANEE
Ideal Building Sites.
First-Class Shipping Facilities.
Modern Water and Lighting System.
This Town Invites New Industries

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid : J. L. Boyes, $2.50 ; P. Gleeson $24.35 ; James Walton $63.00 ; Ed. Duncan $14.00.

On motion the Council adjourned.

Fleet Foot Footwear in Brown and White Strap Slippers for the children, at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

BELLROCK.

The entertainment given at Garmanville on Wednesday evening was a decided success.

Bellrock school was closed on the 28th, after a very successful term. The teacher, Miss Thomas, resigned at the end of the term, which is much regretted by pupils and parents.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Percy, San Francisco, Ca., are visiting friends in this section. Mrs. Percy is a daughter of Mrs. Bird's friends and old neighbors were well pleased to see him.

Miss Elsie Young, Belleville, is the guest of Miss Flo Percy.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Amey, Selby, called on friends here last Sunday.

The weather has been very favorable for the making of hay, of which there is a heavy crop.

Alfred Gaupp, M. D., is home for a holiday visit.

Seeds!

SEE ME FOR

Timothy No. 1, Red Clover, (local and imported.) Altalta, (local and Northern Gold,) Alsike, and all kinds of Flour and Feed.

Frost Fencing and Gates always on hand.

FRED, A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

THE FARMER'S FRIEND

Relieves caked bag, garget, spider or infection of the teat, also thrush in horses' feet, fistula, etc. Stops bleeding at once. Removes proud flesh, soreness and swelling.

At all Dealers and Druggists.
Manufactured only by
DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, Ont.

Would Have Given $100 For One Night's Sleep

"Before I got Tanlac I often said I would give a hundred dollars to get a good night's sleep, but now I sleep like a child every night and feel so well it doesn't seem like I am the same person," said Mrs. Annie Stillson, highly esteemed resident of 263 Simcoe St., London, Ont.

"I suffered for years from nervousness and stomach trouble. My appetite was all but left me and what I ate hurt me so bad I actually dreaded to sit down to the table. My nerves were so unstrung I could hardly sleep any at all, and I was so weak and tired many days I couldn't do any housework.

"But it's a pleasure to sit down to a meal now, for I enjoy my food like a child does candy and nothing I eat hurts me a particle. My nerves are perfectly calm and my sleep rests me so I feel refreshed throughout the day. Tanlac has no equal."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 37 million bottles sold.

Tanlac Vegetable Pills are nature's own remedy for constipation. For sale everywhere.

HARVESTING ALFALFA HAY

(Experimental Farms Note).

The number of farmers in Canada who are growing alfalfa is gradually increasing as its value as a hay crop becomes more generally recognized. At this time of year the best methods of making it into first quality hay are of prime importance to the alfalfa growers.

The first point to be considered is time of cutting. The methods or time vary widely with different growers, and each method has something to recommend it. Most growers gauge the proper time to cut by the stage of blossoming of the alfalfa plants, and, while this may be an indication, the really proper indication is the commencement of growth of the young shoots from the crown crown which will furnish the second or third growth, as the case may be.

If the alfalfa is cut before the small shoots start at all the second growth will be slow in starting and will, as a result, take considerably longer to make a second cut than when the first crop is cut just as these new shoots appear in the crowns. If, on the other hand, these shoots have started and made sufficient growth to be cut off by the mower the second cut will be even more delayed. The proper time to cut, therefore, is just when the shoots of new growth are first noticeable at the crowns.

The length of time the hay should be left in the swath will depend both on the heaviness of the crop and the weather at cutting time. Care should be taken, however, to rake the hay into windrows while it is still a little tough, so that the largest possible percentage of the leaves will remain on the plants, as these are by far the most nutritious part of the hay. After curing slightly more in the windrows, the hay should be put up in cocks that are small in diameter in proportion to their height. This permits the hay to cure much more quickly than if put in large, bulky cocks, and the air can get through them better and there will be less danger of moulding.

Occasionally it will be possible to haul the hay direct from the windrow to the barn or stack, or, in stacking, in very dry climates, direct from the swath to small stacks ; but over a large portion of the country sufficient improvement in quality will be obtained by coiling to justify the expense.

Sufficient time should elapse in the coil to allow the hay to cure thoroughly, particularly if a large quantity is to be put into one mow in the barn. Otherwise, there is serious danger of the hay heating considerably in the mow and damaging the feeding value of it, as this heating almost invariably results in a dusty, rather unpalatable hay, which is injurious to stock, particularly horses.

Window screens, screen doors, garden hose, sprinklers. DAVY & ALLISON.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Thomas Close, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Thomas Close, late of the Township of Tyendinaga, in the County of Hastings, deceased, are required to deliver or send to the undersigned on or before the twenty-third day of August, A.D., 1923, full particulars of their claims, duly verified.

And further take notice, that after the said twenty-third day of August, A.D., 1923, the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate, and shall not be liable to any person of whose claims he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said Estate.
Dated this 18th day of June, 1923. 29-d

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale and will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Thursday, the 26th day of July, 1923, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon at the premises herein described, subject to a reserve bid, the following property, viz. :

All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Ernestown in the County of Lennox and Addington and being composed of the east quarter of lot number fifteen in the fifth concession of the said township of Ernesttown, also the west half of lot number fifteen in the fifth concession of the said Township of Ernesttown, containing in all one hundred and fifty acres be the same or less.

The above is a very valuable and desirable farm, situate in an excellent locality and the said thereof should attract the attention of anyone desiring to purchase a good farm.

The property will be offered for sale subject to conditions of sale which will be read at the time of sale.

Terms of sale : 10 per cent. of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale and the balance to be paid within 15 days thereafter.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to T. B. German, Esq., Barrister-at-law, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for the mortgagee.

Dated at Napanee, this 22nd day of June, 1923.

T. B. GERMAN,
Solicitor for the mortgagee.

Empire Cafe

Napanee's Leading Cafe — Opposite Campbell House

We are now operating in our new premises on Dundas street with a complete new equipment of furniture, dishes, etc., and are prepared to serve our many patrons with the best of service.

Our meals are prepared by experienced chefs and served in a dainty, tasty manner by waiters that know how to please.

Come and try our special Sunday dinner—price 50 cents.

Afternoon tea for ladies our specialty.

Come to a real city cafe for Sunday dinners. Our prices are moderate.

Weekly rates—$5.50,

Open 6.30 to 1.30. Sunday, 8.00 to 1.30

GEO. CHOW, - Manager.

The Napanee Shoe Store

Mid-Summer Sale

A moment of reflection and you will realize what an extremely important Sale this is.

Men's heavy Work Boots in Black and Brown, plain or with toe cap. Reg. $4.50, **Sale Price$3.59.**

We have all our stock of Canvas Shoes for Men, Boys, Ladies and Children, also our running boots and shoes, a reduction of 25 per cent. on them.

Also 20 per cent. reduction on our Men's Ladies and Children's boots and shoes of all kinds.

Men's Straw Hats, wonderful styles, regular $2.50. **On Sale $1.75 ;** Regular $2.25. **Sale Price $1.50.**

Men's Balbriggan Combinations, natural or white colors, with short sleeves, ankle length, sizes 34 to 44. **On Sale at $1.29 a suit.**

Space is too small to permit us to enumerate everything we have, but everything will be reduced in proportion.

Come and be convinced by yourself.

The Napanee Shoe Store

DUNDAS ST. OPPOSITE WONDERLAND THEATRE

The New OVERLAND Blue Bird

Has won Immediate Public Favor

Never before in Canada has a car had such a reception. The Blue Bird has stepped into immediate popularity—and rightly.

For this new Overland is not only the most satisfying Overland ever produced—but we believe it represents value that nothing on wheels can approach.

Powered with the same motor that won such fame for the Overlands of last year, the new car is much roomier—with 106-inch wheel base and ample leg-room.

The doors are full 23 inches in width, the seats are wide ; the cushions deep ; the appointments rich and complete in every detail ; cord tires all round ; barrel headlights. The ingenious Triplex Springs kill jolt, jounce and side sway.

Finished in the most beautiful and distinctive of shades, Blue Bird Blue.

Touring Car only, $985 f.o.b. Toronto, Taxes Extra

PAUL'S GARAGE, NAPANEE, ONTARIO

For Your Lawn.

Lawn mowers, Goodyear rubber hose, lawn shears, grass catchers. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Let us demonstrate how easy it is to do your own graining. Full instructions at WALLACE'S.

The STRAND Theatre

The Home of Quality Pictures, presenting the spice of the Program—Cool—Comfortable and Clean.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, JULY 11-12

Goldwyn presents Mary Alden, Cullen Landis, Louise Lovely, Helen Chadwick, Molly Malone and a host of other stars in Rupert Hughes' heart gripping story of home , "THE OLD NEST," in 8 reels.

Paul Parrott will appear again in another Hal Roach Pathe Comedy.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, JULY 13-14

A special select feature and a select comedy for showing.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, JULY 16-17

William Fox presents William Russell and a special cast in "THE GREAT NIGHT," Mr. Russell's latest Fox picture.

Also Hal Roach presents Paul Parrott in another of his funny Pathe comedies.

POPULAR PRICES

Strand Orchestra Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Our Theatre is cool and you will enjoy the programmes.

THE GREAT SHADOW

By
A. CONAN DOYLE

Author of "The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes"

Copyright by A. Conan Doyle.

"Madame," said he, bowing down with his hand to his heart in his own queer fashion, "I have met with much kindness in your hands, and it shall always be in my heart. I can never accept this small souvenir, and you, also, sir, you will take this little gift which I have the honor to make to you." He put two paper packets down upon the table at their elbows, and then, with three more bows to my mother, he walked from the room.

His present was a brooch with a green stone set in the middle and a dozen little shining white ones all round it. We had never seen such things before and did not know how to set a name to them but they told us afterward at Berwick that the big one was an emerald and that the other were diamonds and that they were worth more than all the lambs we had that spring. My dear old mother has been gone now this many a year but that bonny brooch sparkles at the neck of my eldest daughter when she goes out into company, and I never look at it that I do not see the keen eyes, and the long, thin nose, and the cat's whiskers of our lodger at West Inch. As to my father, he had a fine gold watch with a double case, and a broad man was he as he sat with it in the palm of his hand, his ear stooping to hearken to the tick. I do not know which was best pleased, and they would talk of nothing but what Mr. Lapp had given them.

"It's given you something more," said I, at last.

"What then, Jock?"

"A husband for Cousin Edie," said I.

They thought I was daffing when I said that, but when they came to understand that it was the real truth, they were as pleased as if I had told them that she had married the laird. De Lapp was for all we knew, steady and quiet and well-to-do; and as to the secrecy of it, secret marriages were very common in Scotland at that time, when only a few words were needed to make a man and wife, so nobody thought much of that. The old folk were as pleased, then, as if their rent had been lowered but I was still sore at heart, for it seemed to me that my friend had been cruelly dealt with, and I knew well that he was not a man who would easily put up with it.

CHAPTER X.

The Return of the Shadow.

I woke with a heavy heart the next morning, for I knew that Jim would be home before long, and that it would be a day of trouble. But how much trouble that day was to bring, or how far it would alter the lives of all of us, was more than I had ever thought in my darkest moments.

I had to get up early that morning, for it was just the first flush of the lambing, and my father and I were out on the hillside as soon as it was fairly light. As I came out into the passage a wind struck upon my face, and there was the house-door wide open and the gray light drawing another door upon the inner wall. And when I looked again, there was Edie's room open also, and De Lapp's too, and I saw in a flash what that giving of presents meant upon the evening before. It was a leave-taking, and they were gone.

My heart was bitter against Cousin Edie as I stood looking into her room. To think that for the sake of a newcomer she could leave us all without one kindly word or as much as a handshake, and her but a cousin, after all! It hurt me sore, and I went out into the open without a word to my father, and climbed up on to the moors to cool my flushed face.

When I got up to Corrienuir I caught my last glimpse of Cousin Edie. The little cutter still lay where she had anchored, but a row-boat was pulling out to her from the shore. In the stern I saw a flutter of red, and I knew that it came from her jacket. I watched the boat reach the yacht, and the folk climb on to her deck. Then the anchor came up, the white wings spread once more, and away she dipped right out to sea. I still saw that little red spot on the deck, and De Lapp standing beside her. They could see me also, for I was outlined against the sky, and they both waved their hands for a long time, but grew up at last when they found that I would give them no answer.

I stood with my arms folded, feeling as glum as ever I did in my life, until their cutter was only a square, flickering patch of white among the mists of the morning. It was breakfast-time, and the porridge upon the table, before I got back, but I had no heart for the food.

"There's a letter here from him," said my father, pointing to a note folded up on the table. "It was in his room. Maybe you would read it to us."

It was addressed, in big letters, to "The Good People of West Inch," and this was the note which lies before me, all stained and faded, as I write:

My Friends: I didn't thought to have left you so suddenly, but the matter was in other hands than mine. Duty and honor have called me back to my old comrades. This you will doubtless understand before many days are passed. I take your Edie with me as my wife, and it may be that in some more peaceful time you will see us again at West Inch. Meanwhile accept the assurance of my affection, and believe me that I shall never forget the quiet months which I spent with you at the time when my life would have been worth a week's purchase if I had been taken by the Allies. But the reason of this you may also learn some day.

Yours,
BONAVENTURE DE LISSAC,
Colonel des Voltigeurs de la Garde, et aide-de-camp de S. M. l'Empereur Napoleon.

I whistled when I came to these words, written under the name; for though I had long made up my mind that our lodger could be none other than one of those wonderful soldiers of whom we had heard so much, who had forced their way into every capital of Europe, save only our own, still I had little thought that our roof covered Napoleon's own aide-de-camp and a colonel of his Guard.

"So," said I, "Edie is Madame."

"And not De Lapp. Well, colonel or no, it is as well for him that he got away from here before Jim laid hands upon him. And time enough too," I added, peeping out at the kitchen window, "for there is the man himself coming through the garden."

I ran to the door to meet him, feeling that I would have given a deal to have him back in Edinburgh again. He came running, with a light over his head, and I thought that maybe he had had a note from Edie, and that it was all known to him. But, as he came up, I saw that it was a big, stiff yellow paper, which crackled as he waved it, and that his eyes were dancing with happiness.

"Hurrah! Jock," he shouted. "Where is Edie? Where is Edie?

"What is it, man?" I asked.

"It's my diploma, Jock. I can practice when I like. It's all right. I want to show it to Edie."

"The best you can do is to forget all about Edie," said I.

Never have I seen a man's face change as his did when I said these words.

"What! What d'ye mean, Jock Calder?" he stammered. He let go his hold of the precious diploma as he spoke, and away it went over the hedge and across the moor, where it stuck dipping on a whin-bush, but he never so much as glanced at it. His eyes were bent upon me, and I saw the devil's spark glimmer up in the depths of them.

"She is not worthy of you," said I.

He gripped me by the shoulder. "What have you done?" he whispered. "This is some of your hanky-panky. Where is she?"

"She's off with that Frenchman who lodged here." I had been casting about in my mind how I could break it gently to him; but I was always blunt and ill in speech, and I could think of nothing better than this.

"Oh!" said he; and stood nodding his head and looking at me, though I knew very well that he could see neither me, nor anything else, nor anything else. Then he gave a gulp in his throat, and spoke in a queer, dry, rasping voice.

"When was this?" said he.

"This morning."

"Were they married?"

"Yes."

He put his hand against the door-post to steady himself.

"Any message for me?"

"She said that you would forgive her."

"May God blast my soul on the day I do. Where have they gone to?"

"To France, I should judge."

"His name was De Lapp, I think?"

"His real name is De Lissac, and he is no less than a colonel in Boney's Guards."

"Ah, he would be in Paris likely! That is well. That is well!"

"Hold up!" I shouted. "Father! father! Bring the brandy!"

His knees had given way for an instant, but he was himself again before the old man came running with the bottle.

"Take it away!" said Jim, his face still convulsed with rage.

"Have a soop, Mister Horscroft," cried my father, pressing the liquor upon him. "It will give you fresh courage!"

Jim caught hold of the bottle, and sent it flying over the garden hedge.

"It's very good for those who wish to forget," said he; "I am going to remember."

"May God forgive you for sinful waste," cried my father aloud.

"And for well-nigh braining an officer of His Majesty's infantry," said old Major Elliott, putting his head over the hedge. "I could have done with a nip after a morning's walk, but it is something new to have a whole bottle whiz past my ear. But what is amiss, that you all stand round like mutes at a burying?"

In a few words I told him our trouble, while Jim, with a grey face and his brows drawn down, stood leaning against the door-post. The major was as glum as we by the time I had finished, for he was fond both of Jim and Edie.

"Tut, tut!" said he. "I feared something of the kind ever since that business of the peel-tower. It's the way with the French. They can't leave the women alone. But at least De Lissac married her, and that's a comfort. But it's no time now to think of our little troubles, with all Europe in a roar again, and another twenty years' war before us, as like as not."

"What d'ye mean?" I asked.

"Why man, Napoleon's back from Elbe, his troops have flocked to him, and Louis has run for his life. The news was in Berwick this morning."

"Great Lord!" cried my father. "Then the weary business is all to do over again."

"Aye, we thought we were out from the shadow, but it's still there. Wellington is ordered from Vienna to the Low Countries, and it is thought that the emperor will break out first on that side. Well, it's a bad wind that blows nobody any good. I've just had news that I'm to join the Seventy-first as senior major. I am to join my regiment as soon as I can, and we shall be over yonder in a month, and in Paris, maybe, before another one is over."

"By the Lord, then, I'm with you, major!" cried Horscroft. "I'm not too proud to carry a musket, if you will put me in front of this Frenchman."

"My lad, I'd be proud to have you serve under me," said the major. "And as to De Lissac, where the emperor is he will be."

"You know the man," said I; "what can you tell us of him?"

"There is no better officer in the French army, and that is a big word to say. They say that he would have been a marshal, but he preferred to stay at the emperor's elbow. I met him two days before Corunna, when I was sent with a flag to speak about our wounded. He was with Soult then. I knew him again when I saw him."

"And I will know him again when I see him," said Horscroft, with the old flour look on his face.

And then at that instant, as I stood there, it was suddenly driven home to me how poor and purposeless a life I should lead while this crippled friend of ours and the companion of my boyhood were away in the forefront of the storm. Quick as a flash my resolution was taken.

"I'll come with you, too, major," I cried.

"Jock! Jock!" said my father, wringing his hands.

Jim said nothing, but he put his arm half round me and hugged me. The major's eyes shone and he flourished his cane in the air.

"My word! but I shall have two good recruits at my heels," said he. "Well, there's no time to be lost, so you must both be ready for the evening coach."

* * * * *

And this was what a single day brought about, and yet years pass away so often without a change. Just think of the alteration in that fourand-twenty hours. De Lissac was gone. Edie was gone. Napoleon had escaped. War had broken out. Jim Horscroft had lost everything, and he and I were setting out to fight against the French. It was all like a dream, until I cramped off to the coach that evening, and looked back at the gray farmsteading and at the two little dark figures—my mother, with her face sunk in her Shetland shawl, and my father, waving his drover's stick to hearten me upon my way.

CHAPTER XI.

The Gathering of the Nations.

And now I come to a bit of my story that clean makes me wish that I had never taken the job of telling it in hand. But you can find the cause and reason of everything in the records about history, and so I shall just leave that alone and talk about what I saw with my own eyes and heard with my own ears.

The regiment to which our friend had been appointed was the Seventy-first Highland Light Infantry, which, wore the red coat and the trews, and had its depot in Glasgow town. There we went, all three, by coach, the major in great spirits and full of stories about the Duke and the Peninsula, while Jim sat in the corner, with his lips set and his arms folded, and I knew that he killed De Lissac three times an hour in his heart. I could tell it by the sudden glint of his eyes and grip of his hand.

We were in Glasgow next day, and the major took us down to the depot, where a soldier with three stripes on his arm and a fistful of ribbons from his cap showed every tooth he had in his head at the sight of Jim, and walked three times round him, to have the view of him as if he had been Carlisle castle. Then he came over to me and felt my muscle, and was well nigh as pleased as with Jim.

"These are the sort, major; these are the sort," he kept saying. "With a thousand of them we could stand up to Boney's best."

"How do they run?" asked the major.

"A poor show," said he, "but they may lick into shape. The best men have been drafted to America, and we are full of militiamen and recruits."

"Tut, tut!" said the major. "We'll have old soldiers and good ones against us. Come to me if you need any help, you two." And so, with a nod, he left us, and we began to understand that a major who is your officer is a very different person from a major who happens to be your neighbor in the country.

Soon came the news that the folk at Vienna, who had been cutting up Europe as if it had been a jigget of mutton, had flown back, each to his own country, and that every man and horse in their armies had their faces toward France.

We heard of great reviews and musterings in Paris too, and then that Wellington was in the Low Countries, and that on us and on the Prussians would fall the first blow. The government was shipping men to him as fast as they could, and every port along the east coast was choked with guns and horses and stores. On the third of June we had our marching orders also, and on the same day we took ship from Leith, reaching Ostend the night after. From there we went on to a place called Braine, and from there to Soignies, where we picked up the Fifty-ninth, and the Ninety-fifth, which were the two regiments that we were brigaded with. It's a wonderful place for churches and stonework, is Ghent; and, indeed, of all the towns we were in there was scarce one but had a finer kind than any in Glasgow. From there we pushed on to Ath, which is a little village on a river, on a burn rather, called the Dender. There we were quartered—in tents mostly, for it was fine, sunny weather —and the whole brigade set to work at its drill from morning till evening. General Adams was our chief and Reynell was our colonel, and they were both fine old soldiers; but what put heart into us most was to think that we were under the Duke, for his name was like a bugle call. He was at Brussels with the bulk of the army, but we knew that we should see him quick enough if he were needed.

I had never seen so many English together, and indeed I had a kind of affection for them, as we folk always have if they live near a border. But the two regiments that were with us now were as good comrades as could be wished. The Fifty-second had a thousand men in the ranks, and there were many old soldiers of the Peninsula among them. They came from Oxfordshire for the most part. The Ninety-fifth were a rifle regiment, and had dark-green coats instead of red. It was strange to see them shooting, for they would put the ball in a greasy rag and then hammer it down with a mallet, but they could fire both farther and straighter than we. All that part of Belgium was covered with British troops at that time, for the Guards were over near Enghien, and there were cavalry regiments on the farther side of us. You see, it was very necessary that Wellington should scatter out all his force, for Boney was behind the screen of his fortresses, and of course we had no means of saying on what side he might pop out, except that we were pretty sure to come the way that we had expected him. On the one side he might get between us and the sea, and so cut us off from England; and on the other he might shove in between the Prussians and ourselves. But the Duke was at Brussels as he, for he had his horse and his light troops all around him, like a great spider's web, so that the moment a French foot stepped across the border he could close up all his men at the right place.

For myself, I was very happy at Ath, and I found the folk very kindly and homely. There was a farmer of the name of Bois, in whose fields we were quartered, who was a real good friend to many of us. We built him a wooden barn among us in our spare time, and Jim Horscroft and Ben Sexton, my rear-rank man, have hung out his washing, for the smell of the wet linen seemed to take us both straight home as nothing else could do. I have often wondered whether that good man and his wife are still living, though I think it hardly likely, for they were of a hale middle age at the time. Jim would come with us too sometimes, and would sit with us smoking in the old French fashion, but he was a different Jim now to the old one. He had always had a hard touch in him, but now his trouble seemed to have turned him to flint, and I never was De Lissac's name to his face, and seldom heard a word from his lips. His whole mind was set on revenging himself upon De Lissac for having taken Edie from him, and he would ask for home, with his chin upon his hands, glaring and frowning, all wrapped up in the one idea. This made him a bit of a butt among the men at first, and they laughed at him for it; but when they came to know him better they found that he was not to good man to laugh at, and they dropped it.

We were early risers at that time, and the whole brigade was usually under arms at the first flush of dawn. One morning—it was the sixteenth of June—we had just formed up, and General Adams had ridden up to give some order to Colonel Reynell, within a musket-length of where I stood, when suddenly they both stood staring along the Brussels road. None of us dared move our heads, but every eye in the regiment whisked round, and there we saw an officer, with three strips of red on his shoulder-cap, thundering down the road as hard as a great dapple-gray horse could carry him. He bent his face over its mane, and flogged at its neck with the shank of the bridle, as though he rode for very life.

"Hullo, Reynell," says the general. "This begins to look like business. What do you make of it?" They both cantered their horses down, and Adams tore open the dispatch which the messenger handed to him. The envelop had not touched the ground before he turned, waving the letter over his head as if it had been a saber.

"Dismiss!" he cried. "General parade and march in half an hour."

Then, in an instant, all was buzz and bustle, and the news on every lip. Napoleon had crossed the frontier the day before, had pushed the Prussians before him, and was already deep in the country to the east of us with a hundred and fifty thousand men. Away we scuttled to gather our things together and have our breakfast, and in an hour we had marched off and left Ath to the Dender behind us forever. There was good need for haste, for the Prussians had sent no news to Wellington of what was doing, and though he had rushed from Brussels at the first whisper of it, like a good old mastiff from its kennel, it was hard to see how he could come up in time to help the Prussians.

It was a bright, warm morning, and as the brigade tramped down the broad Belgian road the dust rolled up from it like the smoke of a battery. I tell you that we blessed the man that planted the poplars along the sides, for their shadow was better than drink to us. Over across the fields, both to the right and the left, were other roads, one quite close and the other a mile or more from us. A column of infantry was marching down the near one, and it was a fair race between us, for we were each waiting for all we were worth. There was such a wreath of dust round them that we could only see the gun barrels and the bearskins breaking out here and there, with the

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kind of man, and I held his double pleases to his eyes with his elbows spread very wide out on each side. I was still staring when I heard the catch of a man's breath by my side, and there was Jim, his eyes glowing like two coals and his face thrust over my shoulder.

"That's he, Jock," he whispered.

"Yes, that's Boney," said I.

"No, no; it's he. This De Lapp or De Lissac, or whatever his devil's name is."

Then I saw him at once. It was the horseman with the high red feather in his hat. Even at that distance I could have sworn to the slope of his shoulders and the way he carried his head. I clapped my hand upon Jim's sleeve, for I could see that his blood was boiling at the sight of the man, and that he was ready for any madness. But at that moment Bonaparte seemed to lean over and say something to De Lissac, and the party wheeled and dashed away, while there came the bang of a gun and a white spray of smoke from a battery along the ridge. At the same instant the assembly was blown in our village, and we rushed for our arms and fell in. There was a burst of firing all along the line, and we thought that the battle had begun, but it came really from our fellows cleaning their pieces, for their printing was in some danger of being wet from the damp night.

(To be continued.)

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THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

E. J. POLLARD.
Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY

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CHAPTER XII.

The Shadow on the Land.

It was still drizzling in the morning with brown, drifting clouds and a damp, chilly wind. It was a queer thing for me as I opened my eyes to think that I should be in a battle that day, though none of us ever thought it would be such a one as it proved to be. We were up and ready, however, with the first light, and as we drew out of the doors of our barn we heard the most lovely music that I ever listened to playing somewhere in the distance. We all stood in clusters hearkening to it, for it was sweet and innocent and sad-like. But our contentment broke when he saw how it had pleased us all.

"Them are the French bands," said he; "and if you come out here you'll see what some of you may not live to see again."

Out we went—the beautiful music still sounding in our ears, and stood on a rise just outside the barn. Down below, at the bottom of the slope, about half a musket shot from us, was a snug tilled farm with a hedge and a bit of an apple orchard. All round it a line of men in red coats and high fur hats were working like bees, knocking holes in the wall and barring up the doors.

"Them's the light companies of the Guards," said the sergeant. "They'll hold that farm while one of them can wag a finger. Just look over yonder, and you'll see the campfires of the French."

We looked across the valley at the low ridge upon the farther side, and saw a thousand little yellow points of flame, with the smoke curling up slowly in the heavy air. There was another farmhouse on the farther side of the valley, and as we watched we suddenly saw a little group of horsemen ride out from behind it and look across at us. There were a dozen hussars behind, and in front five men, three with helmets, one with a long, straight, red feather in his hat,—and the last with a low cap.

"By God!" cried the sergeant. "That's him! That's Boney, the one with the gray horse. Aye, I'll lay a month's pay on it."

I strained my eyes to see him, this man who had come that great shadow over Europe which darkened the nations for five-and-twenty years, and which had even fallen across our out-of-the-world little sheep farm, and had dragged us all—myself, Edie and Jim—out of the humble path that our fels had lived before us. As far as I could see he was a dumpy, square-shouldered

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MOULDY SWEET CLOVER

May Cause Disease or Death to Live Stock.

Symptoms of the Trouble—Cattle May Bleed to Death—Preventing the Mould—Good Sweet Clover Harmless.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Reports of serious sickness occurring amongst the cattle being fed upon sweet clover have been received at the Veterinary College. The disease which is now frequently spoken of as "sweet clover disease," or "sweet clover poisoning," made its first appearance, as far as is known during the winter of 1921-22.

The Symptoms of the Disease.

The presence of large and small swellings in different parts of the body is usually the first thing which attracts attention. These swellings are generally located along the back, over the shoulder joints or between the thighs. They vary much in shape and size and may form quite slowly or with marked rapidity. They are rarely painful, and when opened are found to contain either blood or a watery yellow fluid. The affected animal does not appear to be very sick and either stands or lies in the accustomed way. Food may be taken in small quantities, but the appetite is not good. The outer part of the eye is very pale, so also is the lining membrance of the nose. The swellings which are so characteristic of the disease are due to an escape of blood from the vessels. The small blood vessels and veins have become weakened by the disease so that rupture is made easy.

In another form of the disease the blood loses its power of clotting so that animals may bleed to death after giving birth to their calves. In one instance a farmer had branded his cattle by clipping a strip of skin from the border of each ear. All of the animals would have bled to death had not the hemorrhage been stopped by ligatures.

Damaged Sweet Clover Dangerous.

In all the cases investigated the sick animals had been fed sweet clover hay or ensilage which had been damaged by excessive heating or moulding. Sometimes the change produced in the hay has been so slight that the farmer has either not seen it or has thought it to be of no consequence. It is frequently difficult to make the owner believe that such slightly damaged food is responsible for the serious disease of his animals.

The Prevention of Mould.

Whether the mould which is so generally found in the damaged feed or the ultimate cause of the disease is not a matter of great importance. The presence is a danger signal which must be heeded. It can be said with certainty that if the hay is shown no mould in the mow, and the ensilage no mould in the silo, that either can be fed with safety. How then can the mould be prevented? For the most satisfactory methods of curing and harvesting the reader is referred to Bulletin 296 of the Ontario Agricultural College. Apart from the moulding which may occur in the field due to damp weather, also in the mow due to insufficient curing, there is but one way which is commonly considered. It is the development of mould due to the mould air pockets through the settling of the ensilage below and settling out to lie lay in the mow. This I feel assured has been the cause of mouldy hay in several cases. That it may be prevented by either a tight concrete floor or a straw bottom in the mow. Clover will seems to be of a very light character and a covering of about one foot of straw in the mow. From six to eight hundred pounds is required for this purpose, and this must be spread evenly and thoroughly with the hay while it is being spread in the mow.

Good Sweet Clover Harmless.

Many experiments have been conducted in the feeding of samples of good and bad sweet clover to calves and rabbits. The animals receiving the damaged food almost always became ill and died. In no case has there been any sickness in the animals fed upon good sweet clover hay or ensilage. In one experiment two calves were fed on an exclusive diet of good sweet clover ensilage over a period of six weeks and both remained well. Rabbits have been fed on samples of bad sweet clover hay which were taken from the same hay mow. Those which received the good hay lived while those which received the bad died.

In Conclusion.

The use of sweet clover for hay is risky, because if moulds and other organisms grow in the hay it may become a highly poisonous food.

The ten cent instrument, so frequently peddled at the country fairs, which is supposed to serve half a dozen purposes from opening tin cans to drawing a three inch screw, rarely does more than two things well, and that is all that should be expected for the money. Sweden has proved to be an excellent soil-builder, a good ensilage crop, and to make valuable pasture. Why endanger the reputation of a useful plant by requiring it to accomplish that for which it was apparently not intended.—Frank W. Rodsdd, D.V.Sc., Ont. Veterinary College Guelph.

The Horse Remains.

It is true that the horse will never again occupy the same position in the world's economies as he did in the past. Motive power has changed rapidly in the past century and it is well that it has, for transportation improvement has been the greatest known stimulant to civilization. It has annihilated distance, and brought peoples together and in doing this it is bringing about a greater human understanding.

SENSITIVE PLANTS.

Some of Them Subject to Peculiar Influences.

"Plants have no nervous system in the strictest sense, and yet they are 'irritable,' as the physiologists say. They are sensitive to various outside influences, and they often answer back by some kind of movement," writes Prof. J. Arthur Thomson in John o' London's Weekly.

"Therefore we may speak of the senses of plants. There are, it is true, no special sense-organs in plants, but there are diffuse sensibility like an earthworm, which is nevertheless sensitive to vibrations, light and shade, chemicals, and odors. An unforgettable sight is sundews secreting an almost dark damp shed in a farm-steading where some potatoes have been left and forgotten. They have sprouted and sent out long weak shoots, which have grown towards a chink in the wall.

"It is plain that their constitution has been influenced by the scarcity of light—for the shoots are very flabby; it is also plain that they have grown towards the little light there was. Here we have to do with a diffuse irritability or sensitiveness, and this is very common among plants. But when a leaf adjusts itself to a nicety so as to make the most of the light exposure, just as if it were an invalid adjusting his rotating summer-house, we have to distinguish the blocks of the building plan from the 'ceptor' of the stimulus and the stalk of the leaf as the main 'effector.' This is the thin edge of division of labor; and it is not farther than sponges have got?

"When unopened tulips or crocuses are brought into our sitting-room in the morning they soon expand, and this is very delightful. But when the room has become very comfortable the flowers close up again, and this is rather disappointing. I did once avoid the conclusion that the plants are sensitive to temperature? As to this, however, matter-of-fact physiological invariants will not allow us a long tether. The tulips and crocuses open because the upper side of perianth (outer flower-parts) grows more quickly than the lower side; warmth favorins chemical processes. But after a while the notably increased warmth reaches the other side of the perianth, and that grows rapidly in length, thereby closing the flower. If the room grow warmer still we suppose the tulips would open again, but we have never attained to that height of thermal comfort.

"Many flowers like the daisy open and close with the growing and waning light of day, and many leaves have their diurnal and nocturnal poscs. By the use of delicate instruments it has been possible to show that a tree may react to the shade of a passing cloud. Another sense is touch, and many plants have it in a high degree. The tendril will respond to the light touch of a thread, the stamens of the rockrose to an insect's legs, the mouth-like stigma of the musk to a pollen-grain, the leaves of the sensitive plant to a sudden jar.

"It is very interesting to find that there are, as in many animals, special 'receptives,' which convey the stimulus of touch inwards. On the tendrils of the cucumber there are cells with minute insinkings which agitate crystals of calcium oxalate and these excite the movement. On the movable stamens of the barberry there are touch-papillæ; on the leaf of Venus's Fly-Trap and on the sensitive plant there are touch-hairs."

Perils of a Prince.

It must be trying for a young prince who has the real normal instincts to behave always as a prince is expected so to do. He cannot forever follow the patterns laid down in the past. Motive power has changed rapidly in the past century and it is well that it has, for transportation improvement has been the greatest known stimulant to civilization. It has annihilated distance, and brought peoples together and in doing this it is bringing about a greater human understanding.

"Please remember that, to the Etonian of that day, his hat was almost as much regarded as the beard is to the orthodox Turk. It must not be touched. From words, it is said that the prince proceeded to show his displeasure by a kind of headgear by violence, and, without warning, he bonneted his nearest Etonian neighbor! Here was an insult which could only be buried in combat and the boy-prince made some remark on the immediate basis.

"Queen Victoria, for the boys and apologized for the rudeness of the prince, but they never had another invitation!

Europe's Surplus Spinsters.

The German Statistics Office has made the announcement that there are on the Continent of Europe 25,000,000 women, the majority of them young and marriageable, who must either embrace polygamy or go unmarried, as there are not sufficient men to furnish them with husbands.

In 1913 Europe had a recorded population of 460,000,000 women. The present population is estimated at 475,000,000, wife surplus Etonians, even at the hands of a prince! So royal blood is said to have flowed! And, if the story is true, a discovered in the warm blood of headgear by violence, and, without warning, he bonneted his nearest Etonian neighbor! Here was an insult which could only be buried in combat and the boy-prince made some remark on the immediate basis.

In what state the horse lives to be from 35 to 40 years old, while the domestic horse is old at 25 years.

Duke Looks to Canada

The Duke of Manchester runs a Manchester school of his own—a school of intermittent financial adventure. His money troubles have not come for the same reason that fiscal difficulty dogs other sorts of people. They have too keen an appreciation of the value of cash, and accordingly go to unwise lengths in getting it. The duke hasn't a keen enough appreciation of money's worth, and has, therefore, done too much, at times, to get rid of it. Every once in a while he has a great scheme for making a great deal of money. The scheme is sure to develop a weak back. The latest is a gold prospecting expedition somewhere in the Quebec backyard of the Hollinger country. The Union Station and the Cobalt train one of these nights may see a graceful departure, unless his grace chooses to go straight from Montreal, and give North Bay the first opportunity for an Ontario municipality to behold him.

The dukal prospecting is to involve the services of carpenters who are to build "huts" for the party, which, after a month or so, may include the duke's daughter and her maid, who are to be transported in limousines, via the Grand, in a month in Montreal. To the manual labor the duke has announced he will lend a hand. If that doesn't suit the carpenters he can lend a note of hand, at which he is an expert of long practice.

It may not be kind to write of a duke like this, but sometimes royal homage must be paid to historical accuracy. The duke is a nice fellow—an awfully nice fellow. He has a smile that's ominously going on. If only there were either no such thing as money, or so much of it that it had to be buried in cans and the like would be one everlasting smile. As far as we know the duke has no more connection with Manchester or its cotton trade than Tommy Church has with a bishopric. He gets the name from the earldom created by Charles the First. When he married Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, Cincinnati, three years ago, he had twenty-seven thousand acres of land. He was land poor. Now he has four thousand acres, and his wife and father have had to be managed with careful regard to entails and a purse which the Zimmerman millions couldn't keep replenished. The palace had unlimited access to the bank account.

Pa Zimmerman died just before the first Christmas of the war. His last recorded public utterance about his strawberry-leaved son-in-law occurred when the war was a few weeks old. Duke Droop, to quote the most becoming of his baptismal names, had been in the United States for some time, oscillating between Newport and a fashionable hotel suite in New York. He was promoting a syndicate to exploit educational moving pictures that were to cost as sold in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. He came back from one of his sojourns at Newport with the earnest story that he had sold almost half a million dollars' worth of stock in his $10,000,000 company. Hope had told him a flattering tale, which he repeated in answers for sundry occasions. He owed one florist over one hundred dollars for blooms. He answered much courteous importunity and finally Florist became furious and entered suit. The moving picture collapsed, the office furniture was sold, and the journalists heard that the duke had lost two millions of his own money.

A balming military relief to the movie miscarriage came to the duke. He brought British reservists from the United States to Valcartier. The duke's name is immortal in British military history. The first earl was first the friend and then the foe of Oliver Cromwell. He commanded the parliamentary forces which smashed the king at Marston Moore —the last of the great fights which were really won by Old Noll's timeliness and his Ironsides' invincibility. Thereafter at Newbury Manchester didn't pursue his king with vigor, but at dire disadvantage. Plain truth was he was afraid to go the whole hog, and was horrified that Cromwell should say that if he had met the king in battle he would have shot him as zealously as if he had been a sergeant. Manchester was fired, the new model was formed. The earl became the immortal laggard and alder in the restoration.

Across the border there is a notion that the Duke of Manchester is typically, ancestrally, incurably an English Cedric. But he's half American. His mother was Consuelo, daughter of Antonio Yznaga de Valle of Louisana. He hasn't the shrewdness of his grandmother, who died Duchess of Devonshire without blood relationship to the Devonshire lately in our midst. That lady was up towards sixty when she married her old friend. Her grandson is in an interesting summer, gold hunting in northwestern Quebec. If the record is up to the advance notices it will be enough to make Pa Zimmerman sit up in his sepulchre.

Hudson Bay Company.

The Hudson Bay Company, incorporated in 1670, connects, by uninterrupted ownership, the North American wilds of the moving picture set with the stern realities of an earlier day. The first records of this staunch example of British emprise contain the following notation of a shipment made to the company's posts shortly after the earliest expedition to Canada in 1668:

Two hundred fowling pieces with powder and shot.

Two hundred copper kettles.

Twelve gross knives.

One thousand hatchets.

The copper kettles used to-day in these northernmost outposts of civilization are practically identical in design with those of two centuries or more ago.

Eye Conservation.

A nation-wide campaign of eye conservation is planned by the Eyesight Conservation Council of America in an effort to prevent blindness in this country resulting from avoidable causes. Co-operation in the movement has been promised by the Federal Bureau of Education, the bureau of standards, several universities and various organizations.—Popular Mechanics.

THE HOPPE COAL FIELDS.

Great Wealth in Province of Alberta Awaits Development.

It is doubtful if many Canadians realize the vast undeveloped wealth that lies in the great Hoppe coal fields in the Province of Alberta.

Experts claim that it is one of the richest and largest coal fields known in the world to-day. An area of approximately 1,000 square miles and this area is roughly estimated by one to be capable of producing one hundred million tons of bituminous or semi-anthracite and four hundred million tons of bituminous or subbituminous coal. Other authorities claim thatthe field contains much more than the above quoted tonnage.

This coal has been submitted to rigid tests and has been found to be as good a variety of coal as is mined anywhere in the world to-day, and has shown by test to have a heating value of 15,200 British thermal units. One test of a sample shows the following remarkable analysis:

Moisture—1.5 per cent.

Volatile—20.7 per cent.

Ash—3.2 per cent.

Fixed carbon—79.0 per cent.

The large portion of this gigantic coal field is owned by the Dominion Government, though several coal companies have leased small areas of it and are now holding these leases until such time as a railway is built into the area, which will enable them to develop these valuable holdings. The field is crossed by the line of the National Railways, about half way between Grande Prairie and Brule, and are along the proposed route of the Edmonton, Dunvegan extension of the Canadian National.

The two great provinces of Ontario and Quebec are faced with a great problem in the near future and unless Heretofore, ninety millions of dollars were spent annually by the people of these provinces in the United States, for the importation of Pennsylvania anthracite and they are continually faced with the danger of this supply being cut off or with a slump in production by the American miners when they would be left in dire straits for fuel. It is small wonder then that eyes are turned to Alberta for a solution of their fuel problem and Alberta is in the happy position of being able to supply them. With only one railway line long rail haul and high freight rates, which will have to be so adjusted as to make it possible for this coal output to reach consuming centres at a price which will not be prohibitive. People who live in Eastern Canada know how the existing there against soft coal and the hard coal is almost entirely used for domestic purposes. It necessarily follows, that the soft coal supply must be developed at once. There are only three fields of hard coal in Alberta, they are located at Crows Nest, Blairmore and Bankf, along the C.P.R. main line, and the Hoppe fields, located on the upper Smoky River. We understand the Bankhead field is now practically closed, that almost the entire output of the Crows Nest mines, is used by the C.P.R. for coaling their locomotives, so that the Hoppe field is, for the present, the only available field left, from which hard coal could be mined for the eastern market and it must also be remembered that this coal is also suitable for the Pacific coast as far south as San Francisco.

The era of prosperity the development of the coal field would bring about in Alberta is almost inconceivable. With Eastern Canada spending $100,000,000.00 annually with that province confined to agricultural in the United States, would mean that Alberta's present financial depression would entirely disappear and that unemployment problem would immediately vanish, as this would mean enormous payrolls and assist to put money in circulation in every part of the province.

Some Turkish Proverbs.

The eastern languages are noted for the subtlety of their metaphors and expressions, which add to their charm and interest, but almost defy translation, says the Contemporary Review, however, Zabelle C. Boyajian has succeeded in conveying some of the meanings to English readers:

"The chief regret of the proverb 'To kill two birds with one stone' is a thought or two stronger in the eastern language. The Turks talk of 'cleaning the camel's back to butter the rice.' Not only is the same action made to serve two different purposes, but a sermon is also preached on economy, with a reflection on its frequently unpalatable consequences.

"'If the thief is strong enough he will arrest the householder'; that is, a clever enough culprit can justify himself by incriminating the innocent. And the Armenian mountain comes and drives off him of the vineyard'—another proverb which is much more effective in the original than in the consciseness and rhymes."

When Money King Loses Out.

When Rufus Kayne has come into crops per in the financial drama, Arthur Train's novel, "His Children's Children," he unburdens himself to young Maitland:

"And the queerest part of all is that since that time, ever since I've been down and out, I've had a sense of being in the mind-set of the failing-line-of-blood sort of business.'

"Maitland had lit his pipe again and was leaning back against the wall.

"'If you really feel that way,' he said, 'there must be a reason for it.'

"'Of course there's a reason!' answered his client irritably. 'If you knew the whole story you'd understand it—just as I do. We're all of us walking the tight rope—every man Jack of us. The ones who have learned to keep their balance go right along as a matter of course—no danger stall! The others fall off. Well, I didn't have the balance. Over I went!'"

Of course the case of Kayne in fiction points a moral in fact.

But the fact is that no climber will heed and every man on top regards with contempt.

NEED MORE RESOURCES

PAY TOO MUCH ATTENTION TO WHEAT AND PULP WOOD

The Development of the Natural Wealth of Canada Should Be Conducted Along Wider Lines.—The People of the Dominion Have Not Made Full Possible Use of Mineral and Animal Products.

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, in a review of the development of Canada's natural resources and their effect upon her foreign trade, has set forth the need for the more intensive utilisation of the mineral resources with which the country is so liberally endowed. Almost phenomenal increases have taken place in recent years in agricultural and forest (including pulp and paper) production, but our output of minerals and mineral products has fallen far short of meeting our own requirements.

One of the most effective methods of getting a clear grasp of Canada's broad development problems, says the National Resources Intelligence Service is to examine the Dominion's position in regard to foreign trade. The matter of getting our agricultural lands, our forests, minerals, fisheries and other physical assets into further use is essentially a question of increasing the volume of our business with the nations. We cannot work out any very enlightened program for wider development of our natural resources unless we study the problem at both ends—not simply in the light of what idle resources we possess, but also with some bustsensible idea as to the direction those lines of industry and trade which hold out the best prospects for sound expansion.

In guiding to extend the development of Canada's resources to-day we face a commercial problem decidedly different from that of the opening years of this century, when we entered an era of amazing growth. During the last quarter of a century we brought huge resources into active use mainly because there were able to push our trade forward very rapidly in one or two directions. We began that period of growth at a time when the world's wheat consumption had practically closed the gap between production and demand, and when there was serious danger of a future wheat supplies. A few years later the depletion of Eastern United States forests presented a somewhat similar opportunity for rapid trading upon Canada's vast pulpwood areas.

These two great commercial openings were chiefly responsible for the rapid advance in the development of the Dominion's resources in the last two decades. More than three-quarters of the increase in the value of Canada's export trade in 1922 over that of 1902 is due to two classes of goods, vegetable products of the farm and wood and paper. Grain and pulpwood products alone are now contributing more than half of the total value of the Dominion's exports abroad. Thus a very large share of the growth of Canadian industry and trade in the past twenty years was achieved in the line of relatively narrowly range of products as the weapons of commercial advance.

To-day our commercial progress—the finding of our greatest sources—requires an advance on a wider frontage if we are to bring new resources into use on anything like the scale which has marked the growth during the past quarter of a century. Great as are the Dominion's resources in arable lands and pulpwood forests they are limited assets to the extent to which we can continue to use cereals and pulp and paper as the chief means of commercial growth. So far as pulpwood capacity is concerned we could no doubt double our wheat crop, but we have already come to a stage in which many challenges the wisdom of building further with "export wheat" as the foundation. In the case of the pulp and paper industry there appears to be little or no commercial check upon the progress of development.

Minerals are one class of natural resources which appear to have received much closer attention from a development standpoint. Canadians are tangible and accustomed to place much faith in such lands among the assets of the Dominion's industrial assets, but it is doubtful whether there is any general appreciation of the extent to which we are a mineral country as regard to our trade in mineral products. While mining industry has not failed to record very large growth, the fact remains that Canada is relatively more prominently as a mayer than as a seller of mineral products. Something over $120,000,000 is the amount by which our mineral imports during the past year have fallen short of offsetting our purchase of foreign mineral products.

This situation does not seem to do full justice to the possibilities of the Dominion as a producer of both basic and finished mineral commodities, and it is doubtful whether there is any single class of natural resource which now deserves more attention than mineral areas as the basis for new Canadian development. Certainly mining industries have not contributed as great a proportion of the total national growth as might be expected in a country where not more than 15 per cent. of the area is suitable for profitable cultivation, but where the remaining 85 per cent. and a large part even of the 15 per cent. is believed to contain minerals of inconceivable value.

The situation in regard to mineral resources and trade is not an isolated case. A study of the trend of Canadian development clearly points to both the wisdom and the profitableness of drawing a greater share of our development in the immediate future from increased output, not only of minerals, but of animal and other

BACK ACHED TERRIBLY

Mrs. McMahon Tells How She Found Relief by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Chatham, Ont.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a run-down condition after the birth of my baby boy. I had terrible pains and backache, and was tired and weak, just fit to do my work and care for my three little children. One day I received your little book and read it, and gave up taking the medicine I had and began taking the Vegetable Compound. I feel much better now and am not ashamed to tell what it has done for me. I recommend it to any woman I think feels as I do."—Mrs. J. R. McMAHON, 153 Harvey St., Chatham, Ont.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has for nearly fifty years been restoring sick, ailing women to health and strength. It relieves the troubles which cause such symptoms as backache, painful periods, irregularities, tired, worn-out feelings and nervousness. Thousands have said again by such letters as Mrs. McMahon writes, as well as by one woman telling another. This is what they know and are willing to tell others, what it did for them; therefore, it is surely worth your trial.

Women who suffer should write to the Lydia E.Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for a free copy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women." C

DESCENDED FROM KINGS.

The Majority of People Have Royal Blood in Veins.

It was stated recently that a Plantagenet Club was about to be formed in England, the qualification for membership being descent from Plantagenet Kings, or from Scottish, Welsh, or Irish kings, and princess.

A writer once said that "Every king has a slave for ancestor and every slave a king," and probably there is no little truth in the statement.

If we consider that every person living to-day is the product of millions of ancestors since the days of the Plantagenets, it would be strange if, through some of them, he had not descended from royal blood, whether of the blood of kings; for among them there could scarcely fail to be one or more of the old feudal barons, whose descendants are now living in England or Scotland is beyond question.

Without going back to times so remote—for a score of generations would link us with them—it is a well-known fact that there are many thousands of persons living to-day who are living descendants from the union of princes and princesses of past centuries with commoners.

But it is through descents from the feudal nobles that a strain of royal blood has come probably to millions of the poor and obscure of our day. In the course of centuries there are thousands of men and women—laborers, factory-hands, and so on—who, though they do not know it, have royal blood in their veins. Dukes, barons or knights, or Saxon Thanes, who could trace their descent from kings.

The majority of these old feudal families, after a few generations of centuries of power and splendor, fell from their high estate, and their descendants sank from one social status to a lower, until to-day many of them are living as peasants where their ancestors reigned as lords.

Where to-day are the descendants of most of the great feudal families of the north of England—the Percies, Lancasters, barons of Kendal, the Stateville, Greystokes, Fitzhughs, Dacres, and others of a stage higher in the social scale? A few, it may be still flourish; but the majority are among the submerged.

During a recent tour of the north of England we came across many of them who, beyond a doubt, spring from such ancient knightly and noble houses. They bear the name; they are struggling to keep body and soul together on the very spot where their ancestors ruled as petty kings, and they know nothing of their splendid past.

In one Yorkshire village there a farm laborer who is literally descended from William de Lancaster, baron of Kendal, on the royal side, and the blood of Plantagenets and kings of Scotland; and an old woman, who after a life of toil is living on the parish, is descended from the Percies, that through her darwen ancestress she could claim descent from the red Ki, King of England, Malcolm Ca, King of Scotland, and the Comte of Anjou.

In the same district are a maid-of-all-work, a groom, a policeman, and a village shopkeeper, all of whom have similar royal blood in their veins.

These cases are typical of thousands of others, in which people of low degree have a provable royal ancestry, while it is more than probable that many others have royal, though the claim is impossible to prove.

Nelle Gwynne Not All Bad.

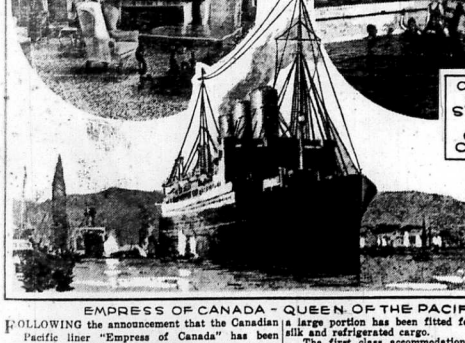
Nelle Gwynne, orange girl, tavern singer, successful actress, and later mistress of Charles II., the "restored Stuart" to the throne of England, is to many her English heroine. She was used improper language, had tavern-tainted manners, and lack of early training till the last showed in her speech. But there was not in her permanently corrupted or tainted. Terrible stories have always been edited of her coarseness, plebian birth (she was born in a cellar), and of her corrupt life, but her later biographers prove that she was not entirely good or nothing. She was by no means the one only human being in England that exercised anything like a good influence over the wayward, frivolous Charles II. Her virtues were more substantial and much needed, and as the years passed on, and the opportunities for wrongdoing increased, and her beauty and personal charms increased, her behavior became more and more prudent and her character more and more circumspect.

Poppy Dare describes Nelle Gwynne as a good actress and a pretty one, a charming wit, and universally popular. She pleased every one, from the king to the chestnut seller. Songs were written about her, styles of dress were named for her, and her portraits were numerous.

"Oh, I do not mean to infer that you have been very successful in your profession," said the judge in a courteous tone.

"Poppy" dare describes Nelle

EMPRESS OF CANADA ESTABLISHES NEW RECORD



EMPRESS OF CANADA - QUEEN OF THE PACIFIC

FOLLOWING the announcement that the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Canada" has been chosen to show the world to 500 tourists in a 80,000 mile Round the World cruise, leaving New York in January next, comes the news that this majestic vessel has added to her laurels by establishing a new trans-Pacific record. On her last eastward voyage, the "Empress of Canada" made the run from Yokohama to Vancouver in 8 days, 10 hours and 55 minutes, nearly eight hours less than the previous record which was established in 1914, and held since by the "Empress of Russia," a sister ship. The average speed of the "Canada" on her record trip was 20.6 knots per hour.

As with all Canadian Pacific liners the speed attained was no more than was compatible with safety in the opinion of the Commander of the vessel, and comfort for the passengers.

The "Empress of Canada" with a gross tonnage of 22,050 tons, has accommodation for 1,766 passengers of all classes and a crew of 547. Of her cargo space a large portion has been fitted for the carriage of silk and refrigerated cargo.

The first class accommodation is indeed of the premier class, including luxurious suites with private bathrooms in addition to the single, double and family rooms. The staterooms are of the most modern type, a telephone system between all rooms and offices affording an additional attraction to each.

There is even a well appointed swimming pool on board with a gymnasium adjoining. The large lounge provides ample room for concerts and the moving pictures which are a special feature of the Canadian Pacific service. It was remembered when designing the interior of the Empress of Canada that she was for semi-tropical service and the rooms are large and airy, and the last word in marine architecture.

Captain Bailey, R.N.R., the ship's Captain is well known in both the Atlantic and Pacific, having joined the Canadian Pacific as junior officer on the "Empress of Japan" in 1900, and he is the recipient of many congratulatory messages on the distinction of Commander of the fastest and best appointed ship on the Pacific.

NO TIME LIKE THE PRESENT

To buy that

Diamond Engagement Ring or the Wedding Ring.

Diamonds mounted in all the popular settings.

Everything New in Jewellery

New Ear Rings just arrived at very Reasonable Prices.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store

At your service for 60 years.

FRED S. SCOTT

BARBER and TOBACCONIST

John St.

(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

Bicycle and Auto Supplies

Auto Tires, all prices, from $6.25 up.

Mobile Oil, $1.00 and $1.20 gallon.

Spark Plugs, 40c., to fit Fords; Spark Plugs, 50c to fit Chevrolets.

Storage Batteries, $15 up.

Columbia Dry Cells, Flash Lights, and Batteries.

New C.C.M. Red Bicycles, $38.00.

Second-hand Bicycles $20.

Horse Clippers sharpened.

Radio Batteries for sale.

ALBERT SMITH'S

West of Campbell House

Do You Need a Refrigerator?

Warm weather will come and a Refrigerator is a necessity. Come in and examine the

BARNET and RENFREW REFRIGERATORS.

COAL OIL STOVES

GARDEN SUPPLIES, Tools, Seeds.

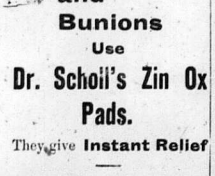
DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

Feet Hurt?

Come to our Foot Comfort Department and learn how hundreds of people suffering with corns, callouses, bunions and weak feet have been benefited by Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Let Our Foot Comfort Demonstrator Show You



For

Corns, Callouses, and Bunions

Use

Dr. Scholl's Zin Ox Pads.

They give **Instant Relief**

The Haines Shoe Houses

At H. W. KELLY'S Grocery you can get ripe tomatoes, new cabbage, good old cheese, Purity flour and Reindeer flour, fresh Creamery butter every day, also 2 lbs. prunes for 25c., 2 cans Corn 25c., new Cheese 23c., 2 lbs. Seedless Raisins 35c. The best Coffee, pure. Try it, we will grind it while you wait. We pay the highest price for eggs.

Campbell House Corner.

PERSONALS

Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Foster left on Tuesday for Madoc.

Mr. R. J. Dickinson is visiting his son, Mr. Grant Dickinson, in Montreal.

Miss Margaret Gleeson has gone to Toronto where she has accepted a position.

Mrs. Fred Arnott and daughter, Mrs. Pike, Toronto, are spending the summer at Bogart's.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Blute, of Cleveland, Ohio, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Blute.

Miss Jean McCormick is visiting Miss Jessie Hitchins, Amherst Island.

Mr. Frank Bell is spending a few days in Toronto.

Miss Hilda Daly left last week to visit her sister, Mrs. J. D. Morse, Winnipeg, Man.

Miss Winnie Perry has secured a position on the Str. Toronto for the holidays.

Mrs. W. A. Daly and Miss Marjorie spent the week-end in Toronto.

Misses Elizabeth and Frances Love, Chicago, are guests of their annut, Mrs. Andrew Magee, Sillsville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Grange and family have opened their cottage at Watercombe for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Boyes and family have gone to Watercombe for the holidays.

Mrs. Wellington Sills and daughters are visiting her sister, Mrs. Trelevain, Toronto.

Miss Vera Shorey is visiting friends in Toronto.

Miss Marjorie Trumpour is visiting Miss Rhodes, Brockville.

Misses Agnes Ruddell, Hespler, and Mary Gillanders, Ridgetown, are guests of Miss Muriel Shannon.

Miss Irene Kenny, ho has been visiting friends in Napanee, returned to Rochester, N.Y., on Sunday.

Miss Mary Wilson is the guest of Miss Gertrude Sproule.

Mrs. Fred LaSalle is visiting her sister at Oakland Bluff, Ont.

Mrs. J. E. Robinson and Mrs. Sills are at their cottage at Sans Souci.

Miss Myrtle Russell is spending her holidays with her brother in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McMillan, Rochester, N.Y., are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robt. McMillan.

Dr. H. A. McGreer and Mrs. McGreer, Lennoxville, Que., sailed on Saturday last for England to visit Mrs. McGreer's parents.

Mr. Jas. Chapman, of Hespler, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Chapman, Clarksville.

Mrs. Scott left last week to visit her daughters in Alberta and Peace River.

Mrs. Silas Woodcock is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Craddock, Toronto.

Mr. Ivan Neale and bride, of Toronto, spent a few days this week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hudson, Mount Pleasant.

Misses Beatrice Perry and Vivian Exley are spending the holidays picking fruit at Beamsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright, Watertown, N.Y., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McGuirk.

Ensign and Mrs. Harrison, of the Salvation Army, have been removed from Napanee and placed in charge in Brockville.

Mrs. M. S. Maslole, Toronto, is visiting Mrs. O. S. Reddick, Graham street.

Mr. F. T. Bevers, who has been visiting his sister, Miss Bevers, left for his home in Winnipeg on Tuesday.

Miss Marguerite Kouher is spending three weeks on the guest of Mrs. (Dr.) Milligan, Toronto.

Mrs. Wm. Burns, New York, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Lowry.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Baumann, Brooklyn, N.Y., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Pollard.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Black and family are spending two weeks holiday at Stirling.

Dr. Dunning and Miss Dunning, Chicago, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Bogart.

Miss Elsie and Mr. George Root are spending a couple of weeks with their sister in Brampton.

Mr. Harry Davy, who has been visiting his sisters, Mrs. Shorey and Miss Louise Davy, has returned to Vancouver, B.C.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker and daughter, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Will Huston, returned to their home in Rochester on Sunday.

Miss Mary Yared left on Saturday last for a three week's trip to Montreal, Quebec and Shawinnigan Falls, visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Fawcett, Miss Myrtle and Russell, Tweed, have left on an extended auto trip. They will visit at points as far east as Charlottetown, P.E.I., and expect to be absent about a month.

Mrs. Dr. Galbraith is visiting her parents in Kingston.

Miss Sheridan has gone to Toronto for the holidays.

Miss Gladys Pettigrew, Toronto, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Victor Cowling.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Guess and family, Toronto, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clute, Deseronto Road.

Mrs. Wm. McGuire, Toronto, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Coxall.

Miss Florence Caton, Toronto, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. R. Lott.

Mr. Clarence Card, St. Catherines, is spending his holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Card.

Mrs. Godfrey Bartlett and daughter, Pat, are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Waller.

MARRIAGES

Payne—Calder—At the residence of H. M. Scott, Napanee, by Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M.A., on Monday, July 2nd, 1923, John Alexander Payne, of Portsmouth, to Jane Calder, of Richmond.

For sport as well as work shoes try a pair of Fleet Foot, at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

Napanee baseball team defeated the Bloomfield team at Bloomfield on Wednesday last, score 12-10.

Provincial Highways Constable, Roy Johnston, was somewhat injured in an auto smash in Kingston on Thursday evening.

At H. W. Kelly's you can get all kinds of plants for bedding, also we take orders for funeral wreaths. 23-tf

Good coal, $14.25, F.O.B. Napanee, providing four or five gophers and take a car. Address G. W. Richardson, 197 William St., Kingston. 32-op

The Midget lacrosse team went to Belleville on Wednesday to play the Belleville Midgets. Due to some misunderstanding the Belleville team could not play and Napanee claims the game by default.

Plymouth Binder twine by the ball or by the ton. Plymouth twine is the cheapest binder twine to use—goes farther, stands up longer.

BOYLE & SON.

32-2t

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hudson, Mount Pleasant, take this means of thanking their many friends for a host of beautiful and useful gifts presented to them on the occasion of a variety shower on Friday evening, June 29th.

The annual excursion of St. Mary Magdalene Sunday School was held to Glen Island and Picton on Thursda ylast. The steamer Brockville carried the excursion and the outing was thoroughly enjoyed by the large crowd.

Over 63000 lbs. more butter was manufactured at the Napanee plant of the Belleville Creamery from January to June 1923, than from January to June, 1922. The total make was 175,000 lbs. this year, representing 40,500 lbs. milk to make it. About 56,000 lbs. of butter was made in June.

On Sunday evening fire destroyed the large barns, drive house and sheds on the farm of Mr. Pat Finn, near Newburgh. The contents of the barn and outbuildings, including an auto and new mower, were destroyed with the buildings. The fire originated in the drive house.

The floating log bridge, situated six miles west of Collins' Bay, will be removed to make way for the new structure, but it is expected that the bridge will be in shape for the opening of traffic the latter part of next week. A new bridge will not be put in place until early in June as the concrete settles. A frame structure will be used temporarily.

The young boys who were up before Magistrate Button last week on a burglary charge, were up again on Friday for sentence and were let go on suspended sentence for one year. Previous to their appearance before the Magistrate, they were taken to the town hall basement and shown by their parents, under the supervision of the Chief of Police.

Ottawa, July 6.—"Mr. Consumer" is again to receive consideration at the hands of the Dominion government. He is to be sure that "fresh" eggs he buys are fresh, even though the grocer says they are. On Monday the new legislation providing that eggs be bought from the producers according to grade and that they also be sold to the consumer according to grade, became effective.

Campbellford, July 6.—As a result of lowering the water in the Trent River to increase the supply of the Trent Canal at Healey Falls, hundreds of fish that were marooned in the river have been destroyed. The part of the river drained was always regarded as the best fishing ground in the district and a large number of residents from Campbellford and district were hauling out pickerel, bass and lunge when the water began to fall. It appears that all the stop-logs were lowered at once so that the fish had no chance to escape. Farmers came from miles around, and, without any outfit except a stout club, caught fish by the hundreds and carried them away by the bagful.

DU-KO MAKES

delicious Pies and Puddings without adding sugar, eggs or flavoring

LEMON - CHOCOLATE - MAPLE CREAM

AT ALL GROCERS

MADE IN CANADA BY

DOUGLAS & COMPANY, NAPANEE, ONT.

Mail Orders receive first attention here, forwarded the day your order arrives.

Wife: "Oh Peter, I dropped my ring off my finger and can't find it anywhere."

Husband: "Don't worry, dear; I found it in my trousers pocket."

Phone 71 for merchandise on the main floor. Phone 176 for Women's Ready-to-wear, Millinery, House Furnishings.

"July" is the Month for Vacations

Here are interesting values for those who stay at home, as well as for the visitors within our borders.

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED.

We have rounded up all lines in Voile Dresses. We have marked them at Special Reduced Prices to clear. A manufacturer has just shipped in an interesting lot

REAL FRENCH VOILES, RATINES AND CREPES ARE SELLING AT $19.95

These dresses are really a study in dressmaking. They exploit the Parisian's best thoughts in colors, color combinations and styles. In the several dresses that we are featuring the straight line, from shoulder to hem Silhouette prevails. Some dresses are completely decorated with beautiful hand-done embroidery, while drawn work in exquisite patterns is the ornamentation of other dresses.

Regular prices were from $25.00 to $30.00.

Sizes 16, 18, 20. Colors, Blue, Mauve, Tangerine, Grey.

OTHER LINES ARE REDUCED AS FOLLOWS

Reg. up to $18.50 values for $12.95; Reg. up to $15.00 values for $9.95; Reg. up to $10.00 values for $5.00.

A good many of these dresses we have just received from a very reliable manufacturer. They represent the latest styles and newest materials for this present season. Obtainable are light, medium and dark patterned Voiles. Dots and small figured designs are prominently displayed in this range. You will find them most fashionable.

In the assortments are all sizes from 16 to 44.

SUMMER DRESSES FOR TOTS FROM 2 TO 6 ARE VERY CLEVERLY DONE THIS SEASON

Who would bother making a dress when you can buy them so prettily styled and so moderate in price, is the exclamation of the greatmajority of mothers.

These dresses usually favor the straight line styles with bloomers to match. The materials used are best of Ginghams, Chambrays and Crepes. Each dress is beautifully ornamented with pockets, representing ducks, cats and flower-baskets. Priced from $1.36 to $2.95.

SPECIAL PURCHASE OF SILK DRESSES MAKES THIS SAVING OF 25 PER CENT. POSSIBLE FOR YOU. QUANTITY VERY LIMITED

The woman who is looking for a dress that can be worn for practically all occasions will find this special purchase of ours very timely and interesting indeed.

All styles are developed from "Canton Crepe," which is more fashionable and popular for fall, 1923, than any other material. The quality of the "Canton" is very dependable.

The collection represents the newest of style trends, pleated panels being much in evidence. Colors of Navy, Brown and Black. Sizes 16, 18 and 20.

Reduced prices range from $22.75 to $36.25.

HOW TO MAKE THE HOT PLACES COOL AND COMFORTABLE

Awning Stripes are very essential these hot summer days. By the use of a few yards of these sightly Awning Stripes, you can transform the hot, dusty spots about your home into cool, restful places.

Awning Stripes come in shades of Blue and White, Green and White, Red and White and Tan and White, which is the most popular shade of all. Comes in widths of 29½ to 30 in., priced at 65 and 70c. yd.

Awning Stripes can be used for Awnings, Porch Curtains, Cots, Stretcher Covers, Cushion or Pillow Covers. Procurable in our Staple Department.

PRESERVING SPECIALS

10 oz. Jelly Jars, 5c. each, 60c. doz., (screw top).
7 oz. Jelly Jars, 5c. each, 60c. doz., (cap top.)
Best Fruit Jar Rings, Red or White, 10c. pkg., 3 for 25c.
Parowax, 20c. lb., 5c. cake.
Fruit Jar Fillers—Aluminum, large size, 60c. each.
Fruit ladles, with long handle, aluminum, 20c. each.
Best Aluminum Preserving Kettles at special low prices. 4 qt., 5 qt., 8 qt., 10 qt., 12 qt., 14 qt. sizes.
Water Glass for preserving eggs, 15c. per can.

GLASS TUMBLERS

Good strong clear tumblers, 5c. each, 60c. doz.
Bell shape wine glasses, (very clear) 10c. each, $1.00 per doz.
Bell shape water glasses (very clear) 12½c. each, $1.50 per doz.
Heavy colonial extra clear tumblers, 12½c. each, $1.50 per doz.
Cut glass water tumblers, 2 designs, 12½c. each, $1.50 per doz.
Cut glass wines (etc.) 20c. each.
Lemonade sets, glass straws, carafles, etc., lovely clear, fine blown goblets, specially priced $5.00 per doz.

PICNIC SUPPLIES

Glass lemon reamers, 12½c. each.
Palm leaf fans, 10c. each.
Paper napkins, 20c. and 30c. per 100.
Paper plates, 9 inch size, 10c. doz., 85c. per 100.
Paper spoons, 15c. doz.
Paper Lunch Cloths, 54 x 72, 20c., 2 for 35c.
Waxed paper cups, 1c. each, 100 per $1.00.
Vacuum Bottles, pints, 50c. each.
Metal lunch boxes with Vacuum Bottle.
Sand pails with shovel, 15c. each.
Watering cans (decorated) 15c. each.
Balls, all sizes, wind mills, whistles, knives, balloons, gunshell necklaces, etc., for the kiddies, 5, 10, 15c. each.
Japanese Lanterns, 10c. each.

ONE ONLY oak and canvas lawn swinging easy chair, very comfortable, and better than any hammock, reg. $14.50, Sale Price $6.96. When not in use it folds away in a compact space.

STRIPE FLANNEL MADE INTO A SEPARATE SKIRT MEASURES UP TO EXPECTATIONS

Some very exclusive Flannel Skirtings are now being shown. Quite a variety of colorings to choose from. Material is wide enough to make a skirt of one length. Special prices $3.75 to $4.50 per yd.

DURO DYE FABRICS ARE WORTHY OF YOUR CONSIDERATION

This new combination of Zephyr and Ratine is 50 in. wide and priced at $1.50 per yd.

Imagine getting an English fabric that is absolutely guaranteed to stand both sun and tub. This is what we offer you in a splendid range of check and stripe effects, with self color of Ratine. This material is practical, economical and dressy. Ask to see this guaranteed cloth.

Superiority in Men's Furnishings makes our Men's Store a busy place these Hot Summer Days

MERCERIZED ZEPHYR SHIRTS FOR MEN

In a beautiful shade of Grey with a separate collar to match. Special price $2.75. This new line just came to hand to-day, and is an especially attractive line to wear without vest. Sizes 14 to 16 only.

OUR FULL RANGE OF FINE SHIRTS

Includes scores of patterns and exclusive colorings of cloths and designs a man whether old or young a choice found seldom outside of the large city stores. The famous "Delpark" and "Tooke" makes ensures you comfortable, good fitting models, and our prices are as low as you will find anywhere, quality considered. Sizes 14 to 18. Prices $1.50 up to $3.50.

All Silk Shirts at $5.00 and $6.00.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR—ATHLETIC COMBINATIONS

Have you tried our famous "Delpark" Athletic Summer Underwear? If you have not you have yet to know what real summer comfort means, because "Delpark" Combinations have features that ensure a greater comfort than has been found in any other line. Price $1.50 a suit.

MEN'S OUTING TROUSERS

In Stripe Palm Beach at $5.00.
White Flannel at $7.50.
Donegal Tweed at $4.25.
Grey Homespun at $3.95;
Grey Homespun at $4.50.
Khaki Denim at $2.00.
Khaki Denim at $2.50.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.